

Operation Manual

R-Series V POWERLINK

Magnetostrictive Linear Position Sensors



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1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose and use of this manual

Before starting the operation of Temposonics position sensors, read this documentation thoroughly and follow the safety information. Keep this manual for future reference!

The content of this technical documentation and of its appendices is intended to provide information on mounting, installation and commissioning by qualified automation personnel ¹ or instructed service technicians who are familiar with the project planning and dealing with Temposonics® sensors.

1.2 Used symbols and warnings

Warnings are intended for your personal safety and for avoidance of damage to the described product or connected devices. In this documentation, safety information and warnings to avoid danger that might affect the life and health of operating or service personnel or cause material damage are highlighted by the pictogram defined below.

Symbol	Meaning
NOTICE	This symbol is used to point to situations that may lead to material damage, but not to personal injury.

2. Safety instructions

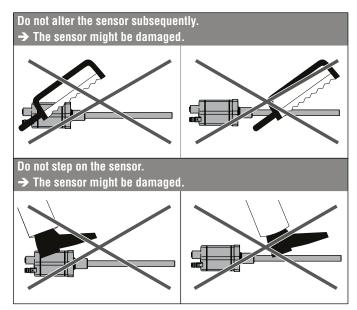
2.1 Intended use

This product may be used only for the applications defined under item 1 and only in conjunction with the third-party devices and components recommended or approved by Temposonics. As a prerequisite of proper and safe operation the product requires correct transport, storage, mounting and commissioning and must be operated with utmost care.

1. The sensor systems of all Temposonics® series are intended exclusively for measurement tasks encountered in industrial, commercial and laboratory applications. The sensors are considered as system accessories and must be connected to suitable evaluation electronics, e.g. a PLC, IPC, indicator or other electronic control unit.

2.2 Foreseeable misuse

Foreseeable misuse	Consequence
Wrong sensor connection	The sensor will not work properly or can be damaged
Operate the sensor out of the operating temperature range	No signal output – the sensor can be damaged
Power supply is out of the defined range	Signal output is wrong/ no signal output/ the sensor will be damaged
Position measurement is influenced by an external magnetic field	Signal output is wrong
Cables are damaged	Short circuit – the sensor can be damaged/sensor does not respond
Spacers are missing/ installed in a wrong order	Error in position measurement
Wrong connection of ground/shield	Signal output is disturbed – the electronics can be damaged
Use of a magnet that is not specified by Temposonics	Error in position measurement



- 1/ The term "qualified technical personnel" characterizes persons who:
 - are familiar with the safety concepts of automation technology applicable to the particular project
- are competent in the field of electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)
- have received adequate training for commissioning and service operations
- are familiar with the operation of the device and know the information required for correct operation provided in the product documentation

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2.3 Installation, commissioning and operation

The position sensors must be used only in technically safe conditions. To maintain this condition and to ensure safe operation, installation, connection and service, work may be performed only by qualified technical personnel.

If danger of injury to persons or of damage to operating equipment is caused by sensor failure or malfunction, additional safety measures such as plausibility checks, limit switches, EMERGENCY STOP systems, protective devices etc. are required. In the event of trouble, shut down the sensor and protect it against accidental operation.

Safety instructions for commissioning

To maintain the sensor's operability, it is mandatory to follow the instructions given below.

- 1. Protect the sensor against mechanical damage during installation and operation.
- 2. Do not open or dismantle the sensor.
- 3. Connect the sensor very carefully and pay attention to the polarity of connections and power supply.
- 4. Use only approved power supplies.
- 5. Ensure the sensor is operating within the defined limits for supply voltage, environmental conditions, etc.
- Check the function of the sensor regularly and provide documentation of the checks.
- 7. Before applying power, ensure that nobody's safety is jeopardized by starting machines.

2.4 Safety instructions for use in explosion-hazardous areas

The sensor is not suitable for operation in explosion-hazardous areas.

2.5 Warranty

Temposonics grants a warranty period for the position sensors and supplied accessories relating to material defects and faults that occur despite correct use in accordance with the intended application ². The Temposonics obligation is limited to repair or replacement of any defective part of the unit. No warranty can be provided for defects that are due to improper use or above average stress of the product, as well as for wear parts. Under no circumstances will Temposonics accept liability in the event of offense against the warranty rules, no matter if these have been assured or expected, even in case of fault or negligence of the company.

Temposonics explicitly excludes any further warranties. Neither the company's representatives, agents, dealers nor employees are authorized to increase or change the scope of warranty.

2.6 Return

For diagnostic purposes, the sensor can be returned to Temposonics or a repair facility explicitly authorized by Temposonics. Any shipment cost is the responsibility of the sender ². For a corresponding form, see chapter "11. Appendix I" on page 60.

NOTICE

When returning sensors, place protective caps on male and female connectors of the sensor. For pigtail cables, place the cable ends in a static shielding bag for electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection. Fill the outer packaging around the sensor completely to prevent damage during transport.

^{2/} See also applicable Temposonics terms of sales and delivery on: www.temposonics.com

3. Identification

3.1 Order code of Temposonics® RP5

_	2 3	4	5	6 7 8 9 10		13 14 15	16	17 18 19 20
F	P 5					D 5	1	U 3 1
	а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h

a | Sensor model

R P 5 Profile

b Design

- G Magnet slider backlash free (part no. 253 421), suitable for internal linearization
- L Block magnet L (part no. 403 448)
- M U-magnet OD33 (part no. 251 416-2), suitable for internal linearization
- N Magnet slider longer ball-jointed arm (part no. 252 183), suitable for internal linearization
- O No position magnet
- Magnet slider joint at top (part no. 252 182), suitable for internal linearization
- Magnet slider joint at front (part no. 252 184), suitable for internal linearization

c | Mechanical options

- **A** Standard
- V Fluorelastomer seals for the sensor electronics housing

d | Stroke length

X X X X M 0025...6350 mm

Standard stroke length (mm)	Ordering steps	
25 500 mm	25 mm	
5002500 mm	50 mm	
25005000 mm	100 mm	
50006350 mm	250 mm	
X X X X U 001.0250.	0 in.	

Standard s	stroke length (in.)	Ordering steps	
1.	20 in.	1.0 in.	
20.	100 in.	2.0 in.	
100.	200 in.	4.0 in.	
200.	250 in.	10.0 in.	

Non-standard stroke lengths are available; must be encoded in 5 mm/0.1 in. increments.

e Number of magnets	
X X 0130 position(s) (130 magnet(s))	

f	Connection type
D	5 6 2 × M12 female connectors (D-coded), 1 × M8 male connector
D	8 2×M12 female connectors (D-coded), 1×M12 male connector (A-coded)

g System

1 Standard

h Output
U 3 0 1 POWERLINK, position and velocity (130 magnet(s))
U 3 1 1 POWERLINK, position and velocity, internal linearization (130 magnet(s))

- For the RP5, the magnet selected in b "Design" is included in the scope of delivery. Specify the number of magnets for your application. For multi-position measurements with more than 1 magnet order the other magnets separately.
- The number of magnets is limited by the stroke length.
 The minimum allowed distance between magnets (i.e. front face of one to the front face of the next one) is 75 mm (3 in.).
- Use magnets of the same type for multi-position measurement.
- If the option for internal linearization (U311) in h "Output" is chosen, select a suitable magnet.

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3.2 Order code of Temposonics® RH5

1	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
R	H 5										D	5		1	U	3		1
	а	b	С			d			•)		f		g		ŀ	1	

а	Sensor model
R	H 5 Rod

b	Desia	n

- B Base unit (only for replacement)
- J Threaded flange M22×1.5-6g (rod Ø 12.7 mm), stroke length: 25...5900 mm (1...232 in.)
- M Threaded flange M18×1.5-6g (standard)
- S Threaded flange 3/4"-16 UNF-3A (standard)
- T Threaded flange 3/4"-16 UNF-3A (with raised-face)

c | Mechanical options

- A Standard
- B Bushing on rod end (only for design »M«, »S« & »T«)
- M Thread M4 at rod end (only for design »M«, »S« & »T«)
- V Fluorelastomer seals for the sensor electronics housing

d Stroke length

X X X X M 0025...7620 mm

A A A WI 00257020 IIIIII		
Standard stroke length (mm)	Ordering steps	
25 500 mm	5 mm	
500 750 mm	10 mm	
7501000 mm	25 mm	
10002500 mm	50 mm	
25005000 mm	100 mm	
50007620 mm	250 mm	
X X X X U 001.0300.0) in.	

Standard stroke length (in.)	Ordering steps	
1 20 in.	0.2 in.	
20 30 in.	0.4 in.	
30 40 in.	1.0 in.	
40100 in.	2.0 in.	
100200 in.	4.0 in.	
200300 in.	10.0 in.	
N		

Non-standard stroke lengths are available; must be encoded in 5 mm/0.1 in. increments.

е	Nu	mber of magnets
Х	Х	0130 position(s) (130 magnet(s))

f Connection type
D 5 6 2×M12 female connectors (D-coded), 1×M8 male connector
D 5 8 2×M12 female connectors (D-coded), 1×M12 male connector (A-coded)

g	System
1	Standard

h Output
U 3 0 1 POWERLINK, position and velocity (130 magnet(s))
U 3 1 1 POWERLINK, position and velocity, internal linearization (130 magnet(s))

- Specify the number of magnets for your application and order the magnets separately.
- The number of magnets is limited by the stroke length.
 The minimum allowed distance between magnets (i.e. front face of one to the front face of the next one) is 75 mm (3 in.).
- · Use magnets of the same type for multi-position measurement.
- If the option for internal linearization (U311) in h "Output" is chosen, select a suitable magnet.

3.3 Order code of Temposonics® RFV

1 2 3	4	5 6 7 8 9 10	11 12 1	13 14 15	16	17 18 19 20
R F V				D 5	1	U 3 0 1
a	b	d	е	f	g	h

a	Sensor model
---	--------------

R F V Flexible rod

b **Design**

B Base unit

M Threaded flange M18×1.5-6g (standard)

S Threaded flange 3/4"-16 UNF-3A (standard)

Section c is intentionally omitted.

Stro		-	174
 10.71111	44.	1-1-1-1	111

Stroke length (mm)	Ordering steps	
150 1000 mm	50 mm	
1000 5000 mm	100 mm	
500010000 mm	250 mm	
1000015000 mm	500 mm	
1500020000 mm	1000 mm	
X X X X X U 000	6.00787.0 in.	

Stroke length (in.)	Ordering steps
6 40 in.	2 in.
40 107 in	1 in

40...197 in. 4 in. 197...394 in. 10 in. 394...591 in. 20 in. 591...787 in. 40 in.

Non standard stroke lengths are available; must be encoded in 5 mm/0.1 in. increments

e Number of magnets

X 01...30 position(s) (1...30 magnet(s))

f Connection type	
D 5 6 2×M12 female connectors (D-coded), 1×M8 male connector	
D 5 8 2 × M12 female connectors (D-coded), 1 × M12 male connector (A-coded)	

g	System

1 Standard

h Output

U 3 0 1 POWERLINK, position and velocity (1...30 magnet(s))

- Specify the number of magnets for your application and order the magnets separately.
- The number of magnets is limited by the stroke length.

 The minimum allowed distance between magnets (i.e. front face of one to the front face of the next one) is 75 mm (3 in.).
- · Use magnets of the same type for multi-position measurement.

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3.4 Order code of Temposonics® RDV

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
F	R D	V							M			D	5		1	U	3		1
	а		b	С			d			E)		f		g		ŀ	1	

2	IIAC	Till
a	PES	ши

R D V Detached sensor electronics "Classic"

b Design

- C Threaded flange M18×1.5-6g (A/F 46)
- D Threaded flange 3/4"-16 UNF-3A (A/F 46)
- M Threaded flange M18×1.5-6g (A/F 24)
- Pressure fit flange Ø 26.9 mm f6
- T | Threaded flange 3/4"-16 UNF-3A (A/F 23)

c Mechanical options

For side cable entry

- A PUR cable with M16 connector, 250 mm length
- B PUR cable with M16 connector, 400 mm length
- C PUR cable with M16 connector, 600 mm length

For bottom cable entry

- 2 Single wires with flat connector, 65 mm length
- Single wires with flat connector, 170 mm length
- Single wires with flat connector, 230 mm length
- 6 Single wires with flat connector, 350 mm length

d Stroke length

X | X | X | X | M | Flange »S«: 0025...2540 mm Flange »C«, »D«, »M«, »T«: 0025...5080 mm

	-	
Stroke length (mm)	Ordering steps	
25 500 mm	5 mm	
500 750 mm	10 mm	
7501000 mm	25 mm	
10002500 mm	50 mm	
25005080 mm	100 mm	

X X X X U Flange »S«: 001.0...100.0 in. Flange »C«, »D«, »M«, »T«: 001.0...200.0 in.

Stroke length (in.)	Ordering steps	
1 20 in.	0.2 in.	
20 30 in.	0.4 in.	
30 40 in.	1.0 in.	
40100 in.	2.0 in.	
100200 in.	4.0 in.	

Non standard stroke lengths are available; must be encoded in 5 mm/0.1 in. increments

Number of magnets

X 01...30 position(s) (1...30 magnet(s))

Connection type

- 5 8 2×M12 female connectors (D-coded), 1 × M12 male connector (A-coded)
- 5 6 2×M12 female connectors (D-coded), 1 × M8 male connector
- System
- 1 Standard

O
 O COLLEGE

- 0 1 POWERLINK, position and velocity 3 ||
 - (1...30 magnet(s))
- U 3 1 POWERLINK, position and velocity, internal linearization (1...30 magnet(s))

- Specify the number of magnets for your application and order the magnets separately.
- The number of magnets is limited by the stroke length. The minimum allowed distance between magnets (i.e. front face of one to the front face of the next one) is 75 mm (3 in.).
- Use magnets of the same type for multi-position measurement.
- If the option for internal linearization (U311) in h "Output" is chosen, select a suitable magnet.

3.5 Nameplate

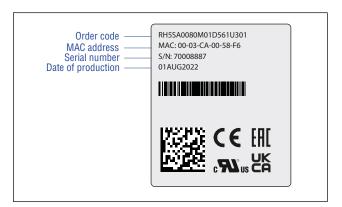


Fig. 1: Example of nameplate of R-Series V RH5 sensor with POWERLINK output

3.6 Approvals

- · CE declaration
- · EAC declaration
- · EPSG certified
- UL certified
- · UKCA declaration

3.7 Scope of delivery

RP5 (profile sensor):

- Sensor
- Position magnet (not valid for RP5 with design »O«)
- 2 mounting clamps up to 1250 mm (50 in.) stroke length + 1 mounting clamp for each 500 mm (20 in.) additional stroke length

RH5 (rod sensor):

- RH5-B: Base unit (without flange & rod assembly), 3 × socket screws M4×59
- RH5-J-/M/-S/-T: Sensor, O-ring

RFV (flexible rod sensor):

- RFV-B: Sensor (without flange & rod assembly),
 3 × socket screws M4×59
- RFV-M/-S: Sensor, O-ring

RDV (detached sensor electronics):

- RDV-C/-D/-M/-T: Sensor, O-ring
- RDV-S: Sensor, O-ring, back-up ring

4. Product description and commissioning

4.1 Functionality and system design

Product designation

Position sensor Temposonics® R-Series V

Sensor model

- Temposonics® R-Series V RP5 (profile sensor)
- Temposonics® R-Series V RH5 (rod sensor)
- Temposonics® R-Series V RFV (flexible rod snesor)
- Temposonics® R-Series V RDV (detached sensor electronics)

Stroke length

- Temposonics® R-Series V RP5: 25...6350 mm (1...250 in.)
- Temposonics® R-Series V RH5: 25...7620 mm (1...300 in.)
- Temposonics® R-Series V RFV: 150...20,000 mm (6...787 in.)
- Temposonics® R-Series V RDV: 25...5080 mm (1...200 in.)

Output signal

Ethernet POWERLINK

Application

The Temposonics position sensors are used for measurement and conversion of the length (position) variable in the fields of automated systems and mechanical engineering.

Principle of operation and system construction

The absolute, linear position sensors provided by Temposonics rely on the company's proprietary Temposonics® magnetostrictive technology, which can determine position with a high level of precision and robustness. Each Temposonics® position sensor consists of a ferromagnetic waveguide, a position magnet, a strain pulse converter and supporting electronics. The magnet, connected to the object in motion in the application, generates a magnetic field at its location on the waveguide. A short current pulse is applied to the waveguide. This creates a momentary radial magnetic field and torsional strain on the waveguide. The momentary interaction of the magnetic fields releases a torsional strain pulse that propagates the length of the waveguide. When the ultrasonic wave reaches the end of the waveguide it is converted into an electrical signal. Since the speed of the ultrasonic wave in the waveguide is precisely known, the time required to receive the return signal can be converted into a linear position measurement with both high accuracy and repeatability.

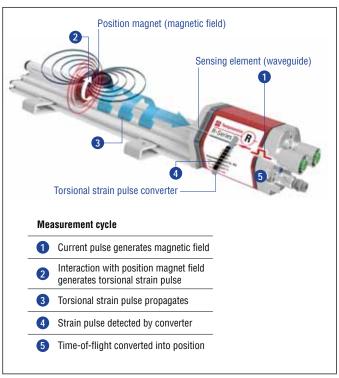


Fig. 2: Time-of-flight based magnetostrictive position sensing principle

Modular mechanical and electronic construction

- The sensor rod or profile protects the inner sensor element.
- The sensor electronics housing, a rugged aluminum construction, contains the complete electronic interface with active signal conditioning.
- The external position magnet is a permanent magnet. Mounted on the mobile machine part, it travels along the sensor rod or profile and triggers the measurement through the sensor rod/profile wall.
- The sensor can be connected directly to a control system.
 Its electronics generates a strictly position-proportional signal output between start and end position.

4.2 Installation and design of Temposonics® RP5

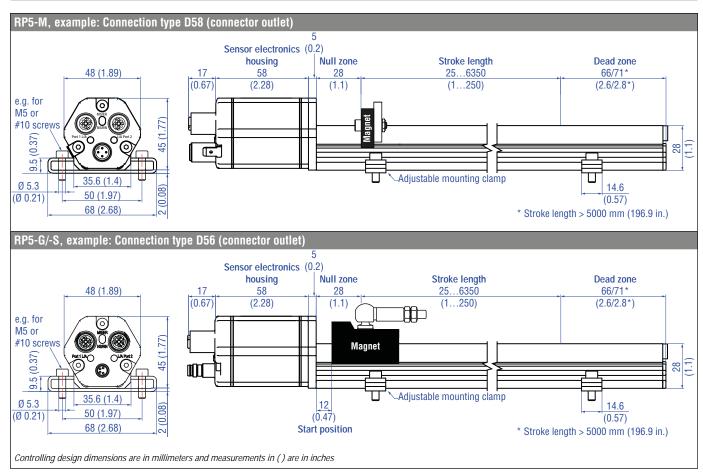


Fig. 3: Temposonics® RP5 with U-magnet and magnet slider

Installation of RP5

The position sensor can be installed in any position. Normally, the sensor is firmly installed and the position magnet is fastened to the mobile machine part. Thus it can travel along the sensor profile. The sensor is fitted on a flat machine surface using the mounting clamps (Fig. 4). A length-dependent number of these clamps are delivered with the sensor and must be distributed over the profile at regular distances. For fastening use M5×20 screws to DIN 6912 that should be tightened with a fastening torque of 5 Nm.

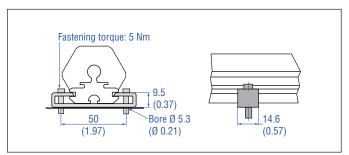


Fig. 4: Mounting clamps (part no. 400 802) with cylinder screw M5×20

Controlling design dimensions are in millimeters and measurements in () are in inches

Alternative:

If only limited space is available, the profile sensor can be mounted also via the T-rail in the profile bottom using an T-slot nut M5 (part no. 401 602) or a sliding block (Fig. 5).

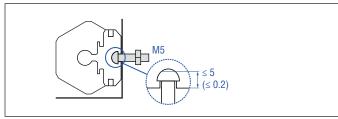


Fig. 5: T-slot nut M5 (part no. 401 602)

NOTICE

Take care to mount the sensor in an axially parallel position to avoid damage to magnet and sensor.

4.3 Installation and design of Temposonics® RH5

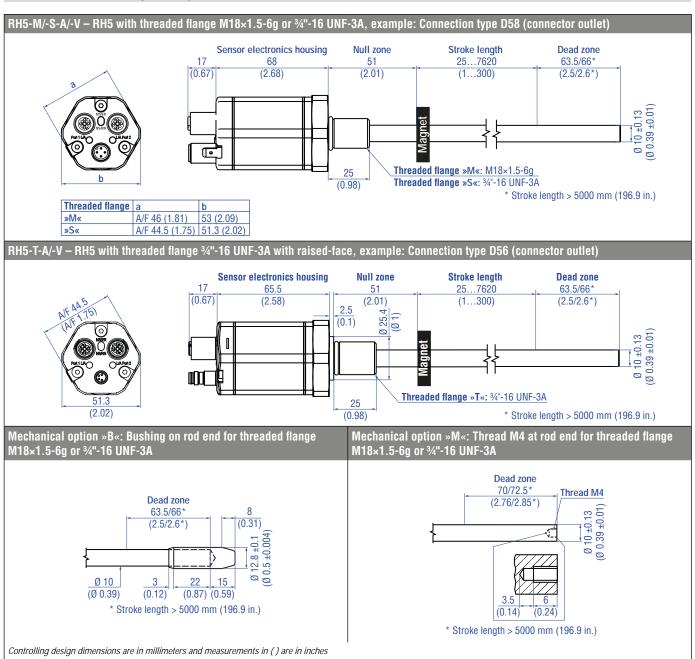


Fig. 6: Temposonics® RH5 with ring magnet, part 1

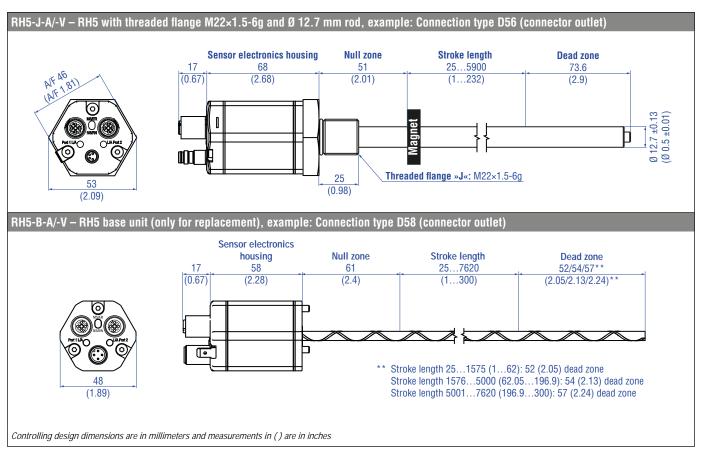


Fig. 7: Temposonics® RH5 with ring magnet, part 2

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Installation of RH5 with threaded flange

Fix the sensor rod via threaded flange M18×1.5-6g, M22×1.5-6g or 34 "-16 UNF-3A.

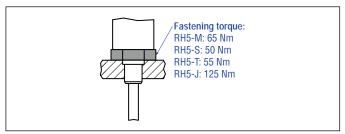


Fig. 8: Mounting example of threaded flange

Installation of a rod-style sensor in a fluid cylinder

The rod-style version has been developed for direct stroke measurement in a fluid cylinder. Mount the sensor via threaded flange or a hex nut.

- Mounted on the face of the piston, the position magnet travels over the rod without touching it and indicates the exact position through the rod wall – independent of the hydraulic fluid.
- The pressure resistant sensor rod is installed into a bore in the piston rod.
- The base unit is mounted by means of three screws. It is the only
 part that needs to be replaced if servicing is required, i.e. the
 hydraulic circuit remains closed. For more information see chapter
 "4.8 Replacement of base unit" on page 29.

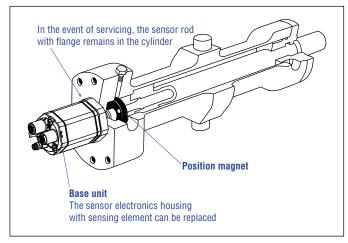


Fig. 9: Sensor in cylinder

Hydraulics sealing

There are two ways to seal the flange contact surface (Fig. 10):

- 1. A sealing by using an O-ring (e.g. 22.4×2.65 mm (0.88×0.1 in.), 25.07×2.62 mm (0.99×0.1 in.)) in a cylinder end cap groove.
- 2. A sealing by using an O-ring in the undercut.

For threaded flange (3/4"-16 UNF-3A):

0-ring $16.4 \times 2.2 \text{ mm} (0.65 \times 0.09 \text{ in.}) \text{ (part no. 560 315)}$

For threaded flange (M18×1.5-6g):

0-ring $15.3 \times 2.2 \text{ mm}$ (0.60 × 0.09 in.) (part no. 401 133)

For threaded flange (M22×1.5-6g):

0-ring $19.2 \times 2.2 \text{ mm} (0.76 \times 0.09 \text{ in.}) \text{ (part no. 561 337)}$

In the case of threaded flange M18×1.5-6g or M22×1.5-6g, provide a screw hole based on ISO 6149-1 (Fig. 11). See ISO 6149-1 for further information.

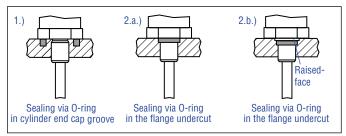


Fig. 10: Possibilities of sealing for threaded flange with flat face 1. + 2.a. (RH5-J/-M/-S) and with raised-face 2.b. (RH5-T)

• Note the fastening torque:

RH5-M: 65 Nm RH5-S: 50 Nm RH5-T: 55 Nm RH5-J: 125 Nm

- Seat the flange contact surface completely on the cylinder mounting surface.
- The cylinder manufacturer determines the pressure-resistant gasket (copper gasket, O-ring, etc.).
- · The position magnet should not grind on the sensor rod.
- · The piston rod drilling

depends on the pressure and piston speed.

- · Adhere to the information relating to operating pressure.
- · Protect the sensor rod against wear.

Thread	d_2	d_3	$d_{_4}$	$d_{\scriptscriptstyle{5}}$	L ₁	L ₂		L_4	Z°
(d ₁ ×P)				+0.1 0	+0.4 0				±1°
RH5-M-A/-M/-	٧								
M18×1.5-6g	55	≥ 13	24.5	19.8	2.4	28.5	2	26	15°
RH5-M-B									
M18×1.5-6g	55	≥ 16	24.5	19.8	2.4	28.5	2	26	15°
RH5-J-A/-V									
M22×1.5-6g	55	≥ 16		23.8	2.4	28.5	2	26	15°
•									

Fig. 11: Notice for metric threaded flange M18×1.5-6g/M22×1.5-6g based on DIN ISO 6149-1

4.4 Installation and design of Temposonics® RFV

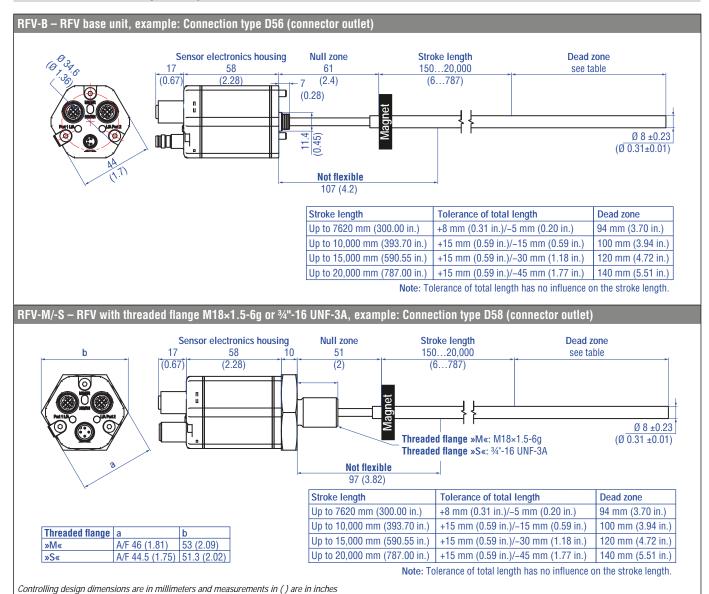


Fig. 12: Temposonics® RFV with ring magnet

Installation of RFV

Note the following information when mounting and handling an RFV sensor:

- 1. Always insert the flexible sensor rod in a support tube (e.g. pressure rod HD/HL/HP or HFP profile). The support tube has to be made of non-magnetic material and has to have an inside diameter of minimum 9.4 mm (0.37 in.) (Fig. 13). The support tube can be straight or bent.
- 2. Do never bend beyond the minimum bending radius of 250 mm (9.84 in.).
- 3. Note the minimum distance to a spatial limitation of 300 mm (11.81 in.), when mounting/dismounting the sensor. The recommended distance is 500 mm (20 in.) (Fig. 15).
- 4. Note the non-flexible area of the sensor rod from the flange of 107 mm (4.21 in.) (for RFV-B) respectively 97 mm (3.82 in.) (for RFV-M/-S).

NOTICE

Smaller radiuses < 250 mm (9.84 in.) cause damage to the flexible sensor rod.

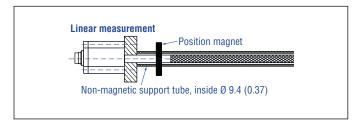


Fig. 13: Sensor with support tube

Temposonics® R-Series V POWERLINK

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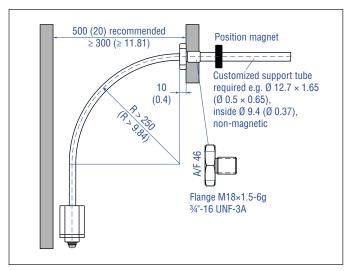


Fig. 15: Clearances for installation and handling

Mounting the RFV

1.RFV-B

- Insert the flexible sensor rod in a support tube.
- Mount the sensor electronics housing by means of 3 non-magnetic socket head screws M4×59. Fastening torque: 1.4 Nm (Fig. 14). Secure the screws, e.g. using Loctite 243, before reinstalling.

Recommendation: Seal the sensor via flange.

2.RFV-B with pressure rod HD/HL/HP or HFP profile (see "Frequently ordered accessories")

- Advantage: The flexible sensor rod is inserted in a support tube.
- Mount the sensor electronics housing by means of 3 non-magnetic socket head screws M4×59. Fastening torque: 1.4 Nm (Fig. 14). Secure the screws, e.g. using Loctite 243, before reinstalling.
- Installation details: see below

3.RFV-M/-S

- Insert the flexible sensor rod in a support tube.
- Mount the sensor via flange.
- · Installation details: see below
- Please note that liquid can enter the sensor between the thread and the flexible rod.

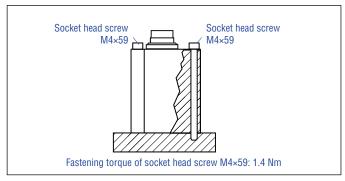


Fig. 14: Mounting with socket head screws M4×59

NOTICE

To fulfill the requirements of EMC standards for emission and immunity the following points are necessary:

- The sensor electronics housing has to be connected to machine ground (Fig. 47).
- Embed the flexible sensor element in an appropriately shielded environment, e.g. in a pressure rid HD/HL/HP.

Installation of RFV with threaded flange »M«, »S«

Fix the sensor rod via threaded flange M18×1.5-6g or ¾"-16 UNF-3A. Note the fastening torque of

RFV-M: 65 Nm RFV-S: 50 Nm

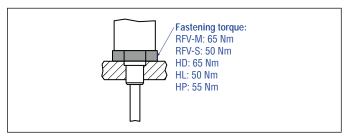


Fig. 16: Mounting example of threaded flange

Installation of RFV sensor with pressure rod HD/HL/HP in a fluid cylinder

The rod-style version has been developed for direct stroke measurement in a fluid cylinder. Mount the sensor via threaded flange or a hex nut.

- Mounted on the face of the piston, the position magnet travels over the rod without touching it and indicates the exact position through the rod wall – independent of the hydraulic fluid.
- The pressure resistant sensor rod is installed into a bore in the piston rod.
- The base unit is mounted by means of 3 screws. It is the only part
 that needs to be replaced if servicing is required, i.e. the hydraulic
 circuit remains closed. For more information see chapter "4.8
 Replacement of base unit" on page 29.
- · Note the fastening torque of

HD: 65 Nm HL: 50 Nm HP: 55 Nm

- Seat the flange contact surface completely on the cylinder mounting surface
- The cylinder manufacturer determines the pressure-resistant gasket (copper gasket, O-ring, etc.).
- $\bullet\,$ The position magnet should not grind on the sensor rod.
- The piston rod drilling for RFV sensors with pressure rod (outer diameter 12.7 mm (0.5 in.)) is \geq 16 mm (\geq 0.63 in.). The borehole depends on the pressure and piston speed.
- · Adhere to the information relating to operating pressure.
- · Protect the sensor rod against wear.

Hydraulics sealing when using an RFV sensor in a pressure rod HD/HL/HP

There are two ways to seal the flange contact surface (Fig. 17):

- 1. A sealing by using an O-ring (e.g. 22.4×2.65 mm (0.88 \times 0.1 in.), 25.07×2.62 mm (0.99 \times 0.1 in.)) in a cylinder end cap groove.
- 2. A sealing by using an O-ring in the flange undercut. For threaded flange ($\frac{3}{4}$ "-16 UNF-3A) »S«: O-ring 16.4 × 2.2 mm (0.65 × 0.09 in.) (part no. 560 315) For threaded flange (M18×1.5-6g) »M«: O-ring 15.3 × 2.2 mm (0.60 × 0.09 in.) (part no. 401 133)

In the case of threaded flange M18×1.5-6g, provide a screw hole based on ISO 6149-1 (Fig. 18). See ISO 6149-1 for further information.

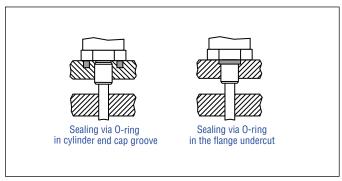


Fig. 17: Possibilities of sealing

For additional information about the accessories HFP profile and pressure rod HD/HL/HP see the accessories catalog (document part number: 551444).

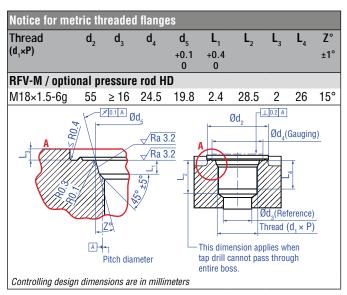


Fig. 18: Notice for metric threaded flange M18×1.5-6g based on DIN ISO 6149-1

Replacing an R-Series 2004 RF-C with an R-Series V RFV-B

If you are replacing the R-Series 2004 RF-C base unit with the R-Series V RFV-B base unit, note the following points:

- The R-Series 2004 RF-C base unit is attached to the system with two screws. The R-Series V RF-B base unit is mounted to the machine with three screws.
- Therefore, we recommend using the adapter plate kit 255198.
 The adapter plate is used to mount the base unit RFV-B with three screws to the existing hole pattern with two screws.
 - Fasten the adapter plate to the existing hole pattern using the two M4×6 (A/F 2.5) socket head screws with a fastening torque of 1.4 Nm. Ensure that the O-ring is correctly seated between the system and the adapter plate. Secure the screws with Loctite 243.
 - · Place the RFV-B base unit on the adapter plate.
 - · Attach the ground lug to one screw of the base unit.
 - Screw the RFV-B base unit to the adapter plate using the three M4×59 hexagon socket head (A/F 2.5) with a fastening torque of 1.4 Nm. Ensure that the O-ring is correctly seated between the base unit and the adapter plate. Secure the screws with Loctite 243
- The adapter plate has a thickness of 5 mm. Order the RFV-B base unit with the addition H003 to compensate for the thickness of the adapter plate: RFV-B-xxxxxx-xx-xxx-1-xxxx-H003

4.5 Installation and design of Temposonics® RDV

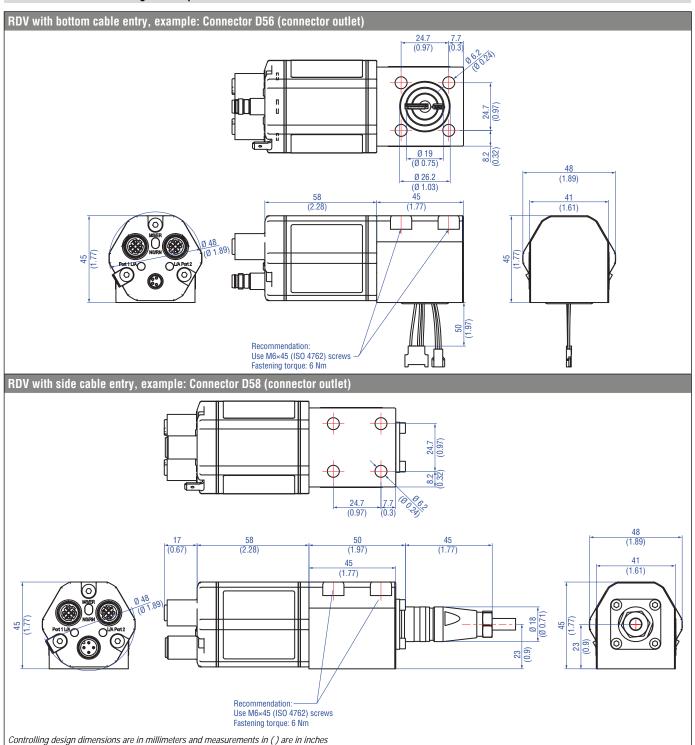


Fig. 19: Temposonics® RDV sensor electronics housing

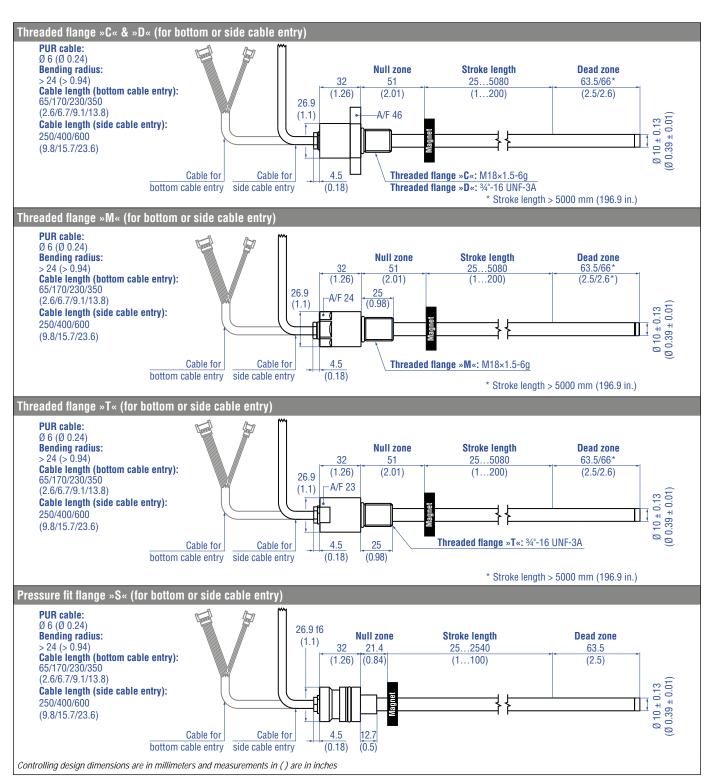
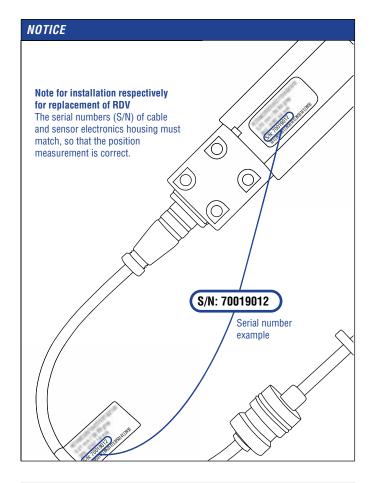


Fig. 20: Temposonics® RDV flanges

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NOTICE

Mount the sensor as follows:

- 1. Mount the flange with sensor rod
- 2. Mount the sensor electronics housing
- 3. Connect the cable between flange and the sensor electronics housing

The steps mentioned above are explained in the following sections.

4.5.1 Installation of RDV with threaded flange

Fix the sensor rod via threaded flange M18×1.5-6g or 3/4"-16 UNF-3A.

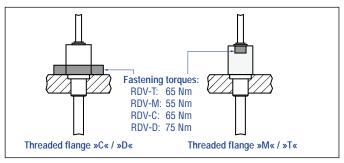


Fig. 21: Mounting example of threaded flange »C«/»D«, »M«/»T«

Installation of a rod-style sensor in a fluid cylinder

The rod-style version has been developed for direct stroke measurement in a fluid cylinder. Mount the sensor via threaded flange or a hex nut.

- Mounted on the face of the piston, the position magnet travels over the rod without touching it and indicates the exact position through the rod wall – independent of the hydraulic fluid.
- The pressure resistant sensor rod is installed into a bore in the piston rod.

Hydraulics sealing

There are two ways to seal the flange contact (Fig. 22):

- 1. Sealing via an O-ring (e.g. 22.4 × 2.65 mm, 25.07 × 2.62 mm) in a cylinder end cap groove (for threaded flange »C«/»D«)
- 2. Sealing via an 0-ring 16.4×2.2 mm (part no. 560 315) in the flange undercut.

For threaded flange ($\frac{3}{4}$ "-16 UNF-3A) »D«/»T«: 0-ring 16.4 × 2.2 mm (0.65 × 0.09 in.) (part no. 560 315)

For threaded flange (M18×1.5-6g) »C«/»M«: 0-ring 15.3 × 2.2 mm (0.60 × 0.09 in.) (part no. 401 133)

In the case of threaded flange M18×1.5-6g provide a screw hole based on ISO 6149-1 (Fig. 23). See ISO 6149-1 for further information.

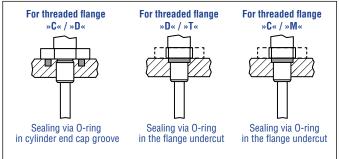


Fig. 22: Possibilities of sealing

· Note the fastening torques:

RDV-T: 65 Nm RDV-M: 55 Nm RDV-C: 65 Nm RDV-D: 75 Nm

- Seat the flange contact surface completely on the cylinder mounting surface
- The cylinder manufacturer determines the pressure-resistant gasket (copper gasket, O-ring, etc.).
- The position magnet should not grind on the sensor rod.
- The piston rod drilling (\geq Ø 13 mm (\geq Ø 0.51 in.)) depends on the pressure and piston speed.
- Adhere to the information relating to operating pressure.
- · Protect the sensor rod against wear.

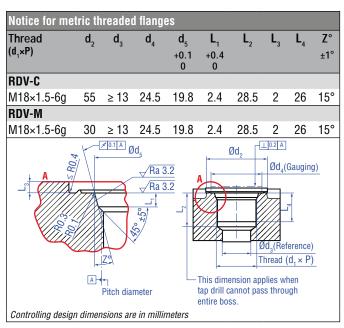


Fig. 23: Notice for metric threaded flange M18×1.5-6g based on DIN ISO 6149-1

4.5.2 Installation of RD with pressure fit flange

Cylinder mounting

Install the rod using the pressure fit flange. Seal it off by means of the O-ring and the back-up ring. Block the pressure fit flange using a shoulder screw (Fig. 24). For details of the pressure fit flange »S« see Fig. 25. Also note the mounting examples in Fig. 26 and Fig. 27.

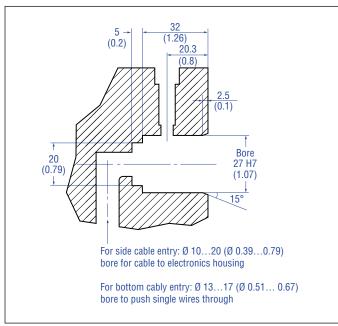


Fig. 24: Example of mounting detail: Shoulder screw 8-M6 (ISO 7379) with internal hexagon

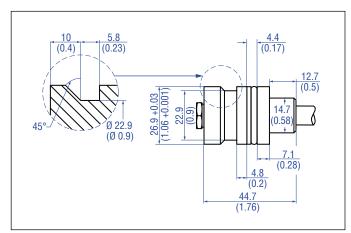


Fig. 25: Pressure fit flange »S« details

Note for cylinder installation:

- The position magnet should not grind on the sensor rod.
- The piston rod drilling ($\geq \emptyset$ 13 mm ($\geq \emptyset$ 0.51 in.)) depends on the pressure and piston speed.
- Adhere to the information relating to operating pressure.
- · Protect the sensor rod against wear.

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4.5.3 Installation of RDV's sensor electronics housing

The following section explains the connection of an RDV sensor with bottom cable entry (Fig. 26) and side cable entry (Fig. 27) based on RDV-S. The sensor electronics of RDV sensors with threaded flange are mounted in the same way.

Sensor electronics with bottom cable entry

Connect the rod via the connector to the sensor electronics. Mount the sensor electronics so that you can lead the cables below the bottom of the housing. Thus the sensor system including the connection cables is fully encapsulated and protected against external disturbances (Fig. 26). Note the bending radius of the cable if you run the cable between sensor electronics and rod (see Fig. 20).

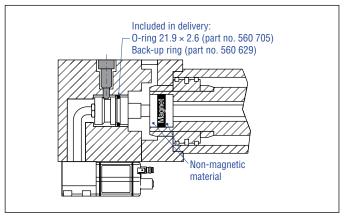


Fig. 26: Mounting example of pressure fit flange »S« and sensor electronics with bottom cable entry

Sensor electronics with side cable entry

Connect the rod via the cable to the sensor electronics on the side. Encapsulate the sensor system including the connection cables (Fig. 27). Note the bending radius of the cable if you run the cable between sensor electronics and rod (see Fig. 20).

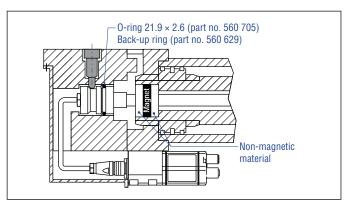


Fig. 27: Mounting example of pressure fit flange »S« and sensor electronics with side cable entry

NOTICE

To fulfill the requirements of EMC standards for emission and immunity the following points are necessary:

- The sensor electronics housing has to be connected to machine ground Fig. 47).
- The cable between the sensor and the electronics must be integrated into a metallic housing.

Connect the flange to the sensor electronics housing via the molex connectors for bottom cable entry respectively via the 6 pin cable for side cable entry.

4.5.4 Mounting of sensor electronics housing

Mount the sensor electronics housing with $4 \times M6 \times 45$ (ISO 4762) screws via the mounting block. Note the fastening torque of 6 Nm.

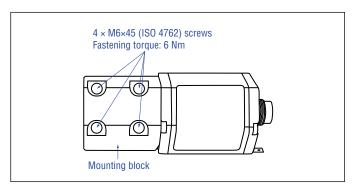


Fig. 28: Mounting of RDV sensor electronics housing (example of bottom cable entry)

4.6 Magnet installation

Typical use of magnets

Magnet	Typical sensors	Benefits
Ring magnets	Rod model (RH5, RFV, RDV)	 Rotationally symmetrical magnetic field
U-magnets	Profile & rod models (RP5, RH5, RFV, RDV)	 Height tolerances can be compensated, because the magnet can be lifted off
Block magnets	Profile & rod models (RP5, RH5, RFV, RDV)	 Height tolerances can be compensated, because the magnet can be lifted off
Magnet sliders	(RP5)	 The magnet is guided by the profile The distance between the magnet and the waveguide is strictly defined Easy coupling via the ball joint

Fig. 29: Typical use of magnets

Mounting ring magnets, U-magnets & block magnets

Install the magnet using non-magnetic material for mounting device, screws, spacers etc.. The magnet must not grind on the sensor rod. Alignment errors are compensated via the air gap.

- Permissible surface pressure: Max. 40 N/mm² (only for ring magnets and U-magnets)
- Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm: use washers, if necessary
- Minimum distance between position magnet and any magnetic material has to be 15 mm (0.6 in.) (Fig. 32)
- If no other option exists and magnetic material is used, observe the specified dimensions (Fig. 32)

NOTICE

- Mount ring magnets and U-magnets concentrically.
- Mount block magnets centrically over the sensor rod or the sensor profile.
- The maximum permissible air gap must not be exceeded (Fig. 30/Fig. 31). Take care to mount the primary sensor axis in parallel to the magnet path in order to avoid damage to the carriage, magnet and sensor rod/sensor profile.

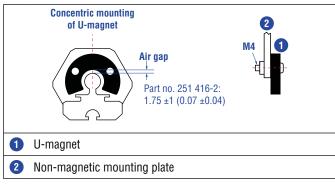


Fig. 30: Mounting of U-magnet (part no. 251 416-2)

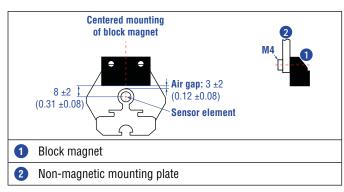


Fig. 31: Mounting of block magnet (part no. 403 448)

Magnet mounting with magnetic material

When using magnetic material the dimensions of Fig. 32 must be observed.

- A. If the position magnet aligns with the drilled piston rod
- **B.** If the position magnet is set further into the drilled piston rod, install another non-magnetic spacer (e.g. part no. 400 633) above the magnet.

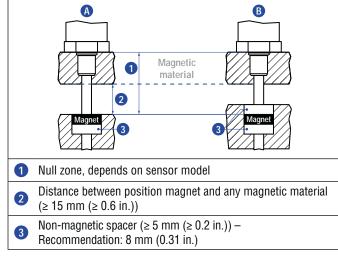


Fig. 32: Installation with magnetic material

Rod sensors with stroke lengths \geq 1 meter (3.3 ft.)

Support horizontally installed rod sensors with a stroke length of 1 meter and more (3.3 ft.) mechanically. Without using a support, the sensor rod bends over and the rod and the position magnet may be damaged. A false measurement result is also possible. Longer rods require evenly distributed mechanical support over the entire length (e.g. part no. 561 481). Use an U-magnet (Fig. 33) for measurement.

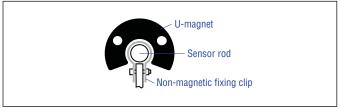


Fig. 33: Example of sensor support with the fixing clip (part no. 561 481)

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Start- and end positions of the position magnets

Consider the start and end positions of the position magnets during the installation. To ensure that the entire stroke length is electrically usable, the position magnet must be mechanically mounted as follows.

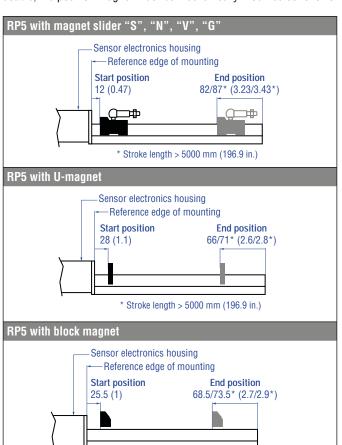
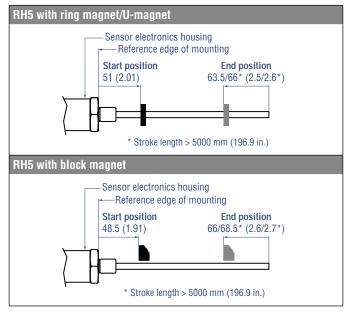


Fig. 34: Start- and end positions of magnets for RP5



* Stroke length > 5000 mm (196.9 in.)

Fig. 35: Start- and end positions of magnets for RH5

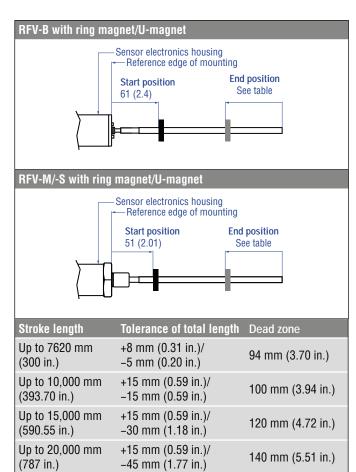


Fig. 36: Start- and end positions of magnets for RFV with ring- and U-magnets

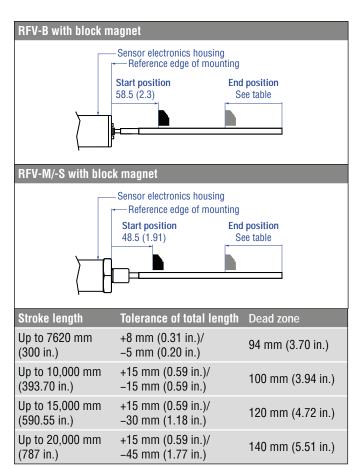


Fig. 37: Start- and end positions of magnets for RFV with block magnet

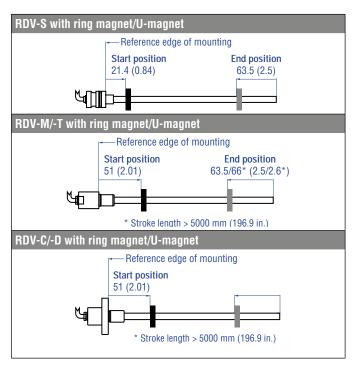


Fig. 38: Start- and end positions of magnets for RDV with ring- and U-magnets

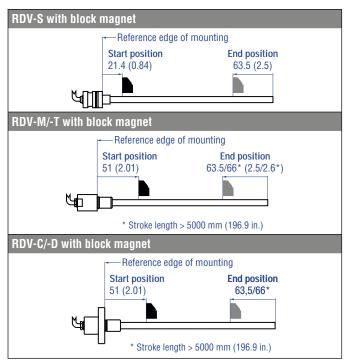


Fig. 39: Start- and end positions of magnets for RDV with block magnet

NOTICE

On all sensors, the areas left and right of the active stroke length are provided for null and dead zone. These zones should not be used for measurement, however the active stroke length can be exceeded.

Multi-position measurement

The minimum distance between the magnets is 75 mm (3 in.).

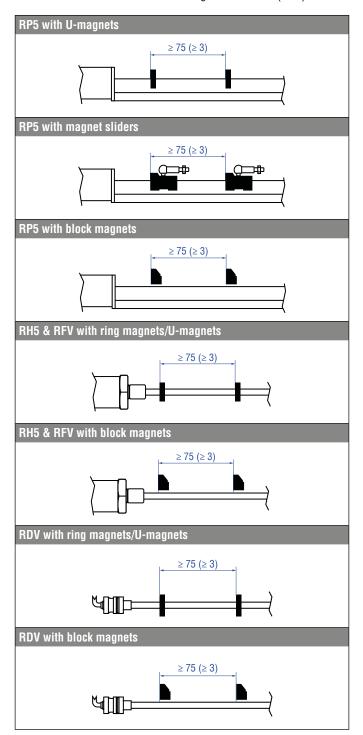


Fig. 40: Minimum distance for multi-position measurement

NOTICE

Use magnets of the same type for multi-position measurement. Do not fall below the minimum distance between the magnets of 75 mm (3 in.) for multi-position measurement. Contact Temposonics if you need a magnet distance < 75 mm (3 in.).

4.7 Alignment of the magnet with the option "Internal linearization"

The internal linearization offers improved linearity of the sensor. The option must be specified in the order code of the sensor. The internal linearization is set for the sensor during production. A sensor with internal linearization is delivered with the magnet with which the sensor was squared during production. In order to achieve the best possible result, Temposonics recommends to operate the sensor with the supplied magnet.

For the internal linearization, the following magnets can be used:

- Ring magnet OD33 (part no. 253 620), for RH5 & RDV only
- U-magnet OD33 (part no. 254 226)
- Ring magnet OD25.4 (part no. 253 621), for RH5 & RDV only
- · Magnet slider S (part no. 252 182), for RP5 only
- · Magnet slider N (part no. 252 183), for RP5 only
- Magnet slider V (part no. 252 184), for RP5 only
- · Magnet slider G (part no. 253 421), for RP5 only

The ring magnet and U-magnet will be marked for the internal linearization. During the installation, the magnets have to be aligned to the sensor electronics housing or the flange of the RDV (see Fig. 41, Fig. 42, Fig. 43 and Fig. 44).

For RH5 POWERLINK sensors with ring magnet/U-magnet applies:

- Install the magnet until the marking on the magnet points to the sensor electronics housing.
- The marking on the magnet points to the same direction as the elongated status LED in the lid of the sensor electronics housing.

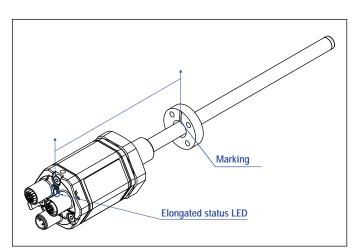


Fig. 41: Magnet alignment of ring magnet for RH5 POWERLINK with internal linearization

For RP5 POWERLINK sensors with U-magnet applies:

- Install the magnet until the marking on the magnet points to the sensor electronics housing.
- The marking on the magnet points to the same direction as the elongated status LED in the lid of the sensor electronics housing.

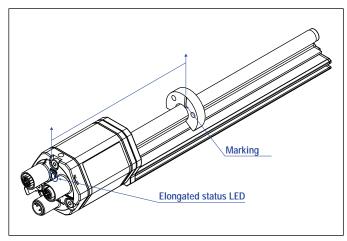


Fig. 42: Magnet alignment of U-magnet for RP5 POWERLINK with internal linearization

For RP5 POWERLINK sensors with magnet slider applies:

- 1 Install the magnet sliders "S", "N" and "G" until the additional hole in the magnet points towards the sensor electronics housing.
- ② Install the magnet slider "V" until the joint points to the end of the profile.

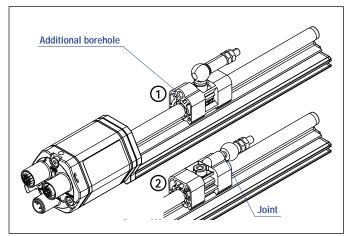


Fig. 43: Magnet alignment of magnet slider for RP5 POWERLINK with internal linearization

Temposonics® R-Series V POWERLINK

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For RDV POWERLINK sensors with ring magnet/U-magnet applies:

- Install the magnet so that the marking on the magnet faces the sensor flange.
- The marking on the magnet points in the same direction as the marking on the sensor flange.

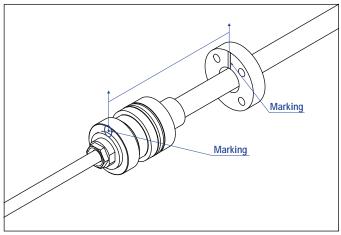


Fig. 44: Magnet alignment of magnet slider for RDV POWERLINK with internal linearization using the example of a "S" flange

The internal linearization of the sensor is carried out under the following conditions:

- Supply voltage +24 VDC ± 0.5
- Operating time > 30 min
- · No shock and no vibration
- Eccentricity of the position magnet to central axis of the sensor < 0.1 mm

NOTICE

The generated linearization might deviate from the linearity tolerances regarding different environmental conditions. In addition, the use of a different position magnet or more position magnets may cause differences.

4.8 Replacement of base unit

The base unit of the sensor model RH5 (RH5-B) is replaceable as shown in Fig. 45 and Fig. 46 for the sensor designs $^{\rm s}$ M«, $^{\rm s}$ S« and $^{\rm s}$ T«. The sensor can be replaced without interrupting the hydraulic circuit. This also applies to the RFV-B sensor, which is installed in the optional HD, HL and HP pressure rod.

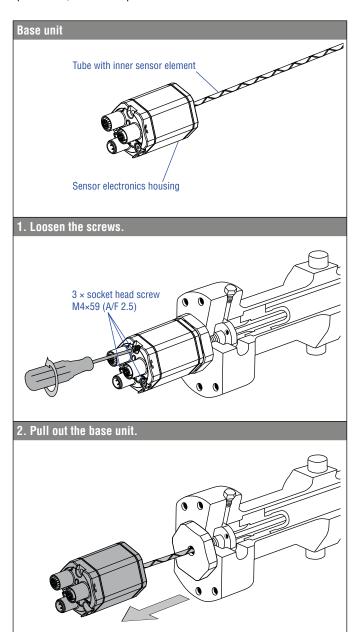


Fig. 45: Replacement of the base unit (e.g. RH5 sensor), part 1

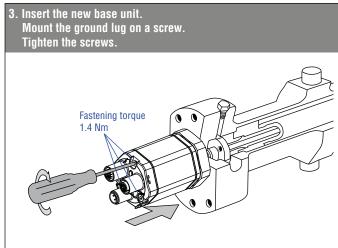


Fig. 46: Replacement of the base unit (e.g. RH5 sensor), part 2

- When replacing the base unit, make sure that no humidity enters the sensor tube. This may damage the sensor.
- Secure the base unit screws, e.g. using Loctite 243, before re-installing.
- If the R-Series V replaces a predecessor model of the R-Series, the plastic tube in the sensor rod must be removed.
- Make sure the O-ring is correctly fitted between the flange and the base unit.

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4.9 Electrical connection

Placement of installation and cabling have decisive influence on the sensor's electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Hence correct installation of this active electronic system and the EMC of the entire system must be ensured by using suitable metal connectors, shielded cables and grounding. Overvoltages or faulty connections can damage its electronics despite protection against wrong polarity.

NOTICE

- Do not mount the sensors in the area of strong magnetic or electric noise fields.
- 2. Never connect/disconnect the sensor when voltage is applied.

Instructions for connection

- Use low-resistant twisted pair and shielded cables. Connect the shield to ground externally via the controller equipment.
- Keep control and signal cables separate from power cables and sufficiently far away from motor cables, frequency inverters, valve lines, relays, etc..
- Use only connectors with metal housing and connect the shielding to the connector housing.
- Keep the connection surface at both shielding ends as large as possible. Connect the cable clamps to function as a ground.
- · Keep all non-shielded leads as short as possible.
- Keep the earth connection as short as possible with a large cross section. Avoid ground loops.
- With potential differences between machine and electronics earth connections, no compensating currents are allowed to flow across the cable shielding.

Recommendation:

Install potential compensating leads with large cross section, or use cables with separate double shielding, and connect only one end of the shield.

 Use only stabilized power supplies in compliance with the specified electrical ratings.

Grounding of profile and rod sensors

Connect the sensor electronics housing to machine ground. Ground R-Series V sensors via ground lug as shown in Fig. 47. In addition you can ground the sensor types RH5 and RFV via thread.

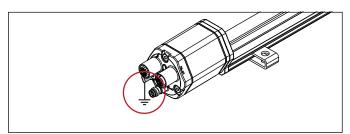


Fig. 47: Grounding via ground lug on the example of an RP5 sensor

Connector wiring

Connect the sensor directly to the control system, indicator or other evaluating systems as follows:

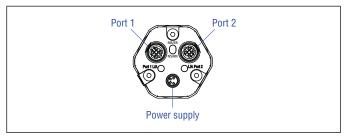


Fig. 48: Location of connections

D56					
Port 1 – Signal					
M12 female connector (D-coded)	Pin	Function			
	1	Tx (+)			
$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$	2	Rx (+)			
	3	Tx (-)			
View on sensor	4	Rx (-)			
Port 2 – Signal					
M12 female connector (D-coded)	Pin	Function			
(2 33464)					
(2 33404)	1	Tx (+)			
(2) 4)	1 2	Tx (+) Rx (+)			
(2) 4 (2) 4	•				
(2) 4 View on sensor	2	Rx (+)			
(3) (2) (4) (1)	2	Rx (+) Tx (-)			
(2) (4) (1) View on sensor	2	Rx (+) Tx (-)			
(2) (4) View on sensor Power supply	2 3 4	Rx (+) Tx (-) Rx (-)			
(2) (4) View on sensor Power supply	2 3 4 Pin	Rx (+) Tx (-) Rx (-) Function			
(2) (4) View on sensor Power supply	2 3 4 Pin 1	Rx (+) Tx (-) Rx (-) Function +1230 VDC (±20 %)			

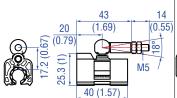
Fig. 49: Connector wiring D56

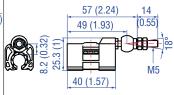
D58						
Port 1 – Signal						
M12 female connector (D-coded)	Pin	Function				
	1	Tx (+)				
$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \bigcirc 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$	2	Rx (+)				
	3	Tx (-)				
View on sensor	4	Rx (-)				
Port 2 – Signal						
M12 female connector (D-coded)	Pin	Function				
	1	Tx (+)				
$2\bigcirc 4$	2	Rx (+)				
1	3	Tx (-)				
View on sensor	4	Rx (-)				
Power supply						
M12 male connector (A-coded)	Pin	Function				
	1	+1230 VDC (±20 %)				
	2	Not connected				
	3	DC Ground (0 V)				
View on sensor	4	Not connected				

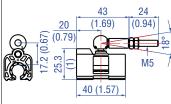
Fig. 50: Connector wiring D58

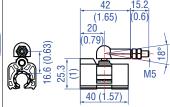
4.10 Frequently ordered accessories for RP5 design – Additional options see Accessories Catalog 551444

Position magnets









Magnet slider S, joint at top Part no. 252 182

Material: GRP, magnet hard ferrite Weight: Approx. 35 g Operating temperature: -40...+85 °C (-40...+185 °F)

Magnet slider V, joint at front Part no. 252 184

Material: GRP, magnet hard ferrite Weight: Approx. 35 g Operating temperature: -40...+85 °C (-40...+185 °F)

33 (1.3)

19.5 (0.77)

 $8 \pm 2 (0.31 \pm 0.08)$

Distance to sensor element

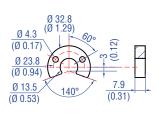
Magnet slider N longer ball-joint arm Part no. 252 183

Material: GRP, magnet hard ferrite Weight: Approx. 35 g Operating temperature: -40...+85 °C (-40...+185 °F)

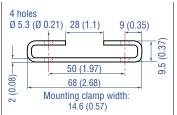
Magnet slider G, backlash free Part no. 253 421

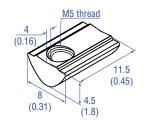
Material: GRP, magnet hard ferrite Weight: Approx. 25 g Operating temperature: -40...+85 °C (-40...+185 °F)

Position magnets



Mounting accessories





U-magnet 0D33 Part no. 251 416-2

Material: PA ferrite GF20 Weight: Approx. 11 g Surface pressure: Max. 40 N/mm² Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm Operating temperature: -40...+105 °C (-40...+221 °F)

Marked version for sensors with internal linearization: Part no. 254 226

Block magnet L Part no. 403 448

Ø 4.3

 $(\emptyset \ 0.17)$

Material: Plastic carrier with hard ferrite magnet
Weight: Approx. 20 g
Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm
Operating temperature:
-40...+75 °C (-40...+167 °F)

This magnet may influence the sensor performance specifications for some applications.

Mounting clamp Part no. 400 802

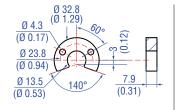
Material: Stainless steel (AISI 304)

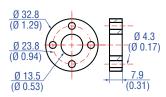
T-nut Part no. 401 602

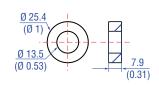
Fastening torque for M5 screw: 4.5 Nm

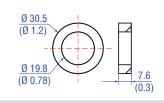
4.11 Frequently ordered accessories for RH5 design – Additional options see Accessories Catalog 7 551444

Position magnets









U-magnet OD33 Part no. 251 416-2

Material: PA ferrite GF20 Weight: Approx. 11 g Surface pressure: Max. 40 N/mm² Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm Operating temperature: -40...+105 °C (-40...+221 °F) Marked version for sensors with inter-

nal linearization: Part no. 254226

Ring magnet OD33 Part no. 201 542-2

Material: PA ferrite GF20 Weight: Approx. 14 g Surface pressure: Max. 40 N/mm² Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm Operating temperature: -40...+105 °C (-40...+221 °F) Marked version for sensors with inter-

nal linearization: Part no. 253 620

Weight: Approx. 10 g Surface pressure: Max. 40 N/mm² Operating temperature: -40...+105 °C (-40...+221 °F)

Ring magnet OD25.4

Part no. 400 533

Material: PA ferrite

Marked version for sensors with internal linearization: Part no. 253 621

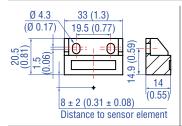
Ring magnet Part no. 402 316

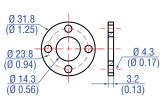
Material: PA ferrite coated Weight: Approx. 13 g Surface pressure: Max. 20 N/mm² Operating temperature: -40...+100 °C (-40...+212 °F)

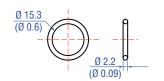
Position magnet

Magnet spacer

O-rings









Block magnet L Part no. 403 448

Material: Plastic carrier with hard ferrite magnet Weight: Approx. 20 g Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm Operating temperature: -40...+75 °C (-40...+167 °F)

This magnet may influence the sensor performance specifications for some applications.

Magnet spacer Part no. 400 633

Material: Aluminum Weight: Approx. 5 g Surface pressure: Max. 20 N/mm² Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm

O-ring for threaded flange M18×1.5-6g Part no. 401 133

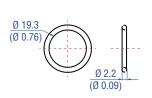
Material: Fluoroelastomer Durometer: 75 ± 5 Shore A Operating temperature: -40...+204 °C (-40...+400 °F)

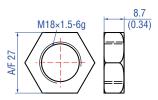
O-ring for threaded flange 34"-16 UNF-3A Part no. 560 315

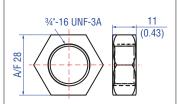
Material: Fluoroelastomer Durometer: 75 ± 5 Shore A Operating temperature: -40...+204 °C (-40...+400 °F)

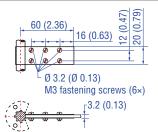
0-ring

Mounting accessories



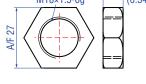






O-ring for threaded flange M22×1.5-6g Part no. 561 337

Material: FPM Durometer: 75 Shore A Operating temperature: -20...+200 °C (-6...+392 °F)





Material: Steel, zinc plated

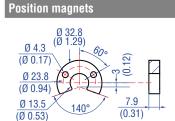


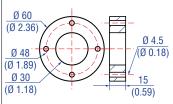
Material: Steel, zinc plated

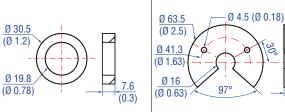
Fixing clip Part no. 561 481

Application: Used to secure sensor rods (Ø 10 mm (Ø 0.39 in.)) when using an U-magnet or block magnet Material: Brass, non-magnetic

4.12 Frequently ordered accessories for RFV design – Additional options see Accessories Catalog 3 551444







U-magnet 0D33 Part no. 251416-2

Material: PA ferrite GF20
Weight: Approx. 11 g
Surface pressure: Max. 40 N/mm²
Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm
Operating temperature:
-40...+105 °C (-40...+221 °F)

Ring magnet 0D60 Part no. MT0162

Material: AlCuMgPb, magnets compound-filled Weight: Approx. 90 g Surface pressure: Max. 20 N/mm² Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm Operating temperature: -40...+75 °C (-40...+167 °F)

Ring magnet Part no. 402 316

Material: PA ferrite coated Weight: Approx. 13 g Surface pressure: Max. 20 N/mm² Operating temperature: -40...+100 °C (-40...+212 °F)

U-magnet 0D63.5 Part no. 201 553

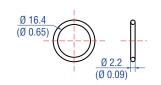
Material: PA 66-GF30, magnets compound-filled Weight: Approx. 26 g Surface pressure: 20 N/mm² Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm Operating temperature: -40...+75 °C (-40...+167 °F)

9.5

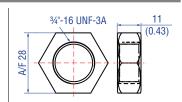
(0.37)

0-rings

Ø 15.3 Ø 0.6) Ø 2.2 Ø 0.09)



Mounting accessories M18×1.5-6g (0.34)



O-ring for threaded flange M18×1.5-6g Part no. 401 133

Material: Fluoroelastomer Durometer: 75 ± 5 Shore A Operating temperature: -40...+204 °C (-40...+400 °F)

O-ring for threaded flange 34"-16 UNF-3A Part no. 560 315

Material: Fluoroelastomer Durometer: 75 ± 5 Shore A Operating temperature: -40...+204 °C (-40...+400 °F)

Hex jam nut M18×1.5-6g Part no. 500 018

Material: Steel, zinc plated

Hex jam nut 3/4"-16 UNF-3A Part no. 500 015

Material: Steel, zinc plated

Mounting accessories





Threaded flange M18×1.5-6g Part no. 404 874

Material: Stainless steel 1.4305 (AISI 303)

Threaded flange ¾"-16 UNF-3A Part no. 404 875

Material: Stainless steel 1.4305 (AISI 303)

Mounting accessories



Pressure rod with threaded flange with flat-face (M18×1.5-6g) and O-ring

HD [length mm: XXXX] M HD [length in.: XXX.X] U

Pressure rod Ø: 12.7 mm (0.5 in.) Length: 100...7500 mm (4...295 in.) Operating pressure: 350 bar (5076 psi) Material flange:

Stainless steel 1.4305 (AISI 303)

Material rod:

Stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI 304)



Pressure rod with threaded flange with flat-face (3/4"-16 UNF-3A)

and O-ring

HL [length mm: XXXX] M HL [length in.: XXX.X] U

Pressure rod Ø: 12.7 mm (0.5 in.) Length: 100...7500 mm (4...295 in.) Operating pressure: 350 bar (5076 psi) Material flange: Stainless steel 1.4305 (AISI 303)

Material rod:

Stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI 304)



Profile with flange

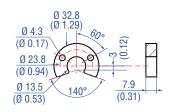
HFP [length mm: XXXXX] M HFP [length in.: XXXX.X] U

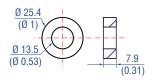
Length: Max. 20 000 mm (max. 787 in.)

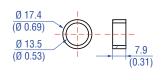
Ingress protection: IP30 Material: Aluminum

4.13 Frequently ordered accessories for RDV design – Additional options see Accessories Catalog 551444

Position magnets







U-magnet OD33 Part no. 251 416-2

Material: PA ferrite GF20 Weight: Approx. 11 g Surface pressure: Max. 40 N/mm² Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm Operating temperature: -40...+105 °C (-40...+221 °F)

Marked version for sensors with internal linearization: Part no. 254 226

Ring magnet 0D33 Part no. 201 542-2

Material: PA ferrite GF20 Weight: Approx. 14 g Surface pressure: Max. 40 N/mm² Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm Operating temperature: -40...+105 °C (-40...+221 °F)

Marked version for sensors with internal linearization: Part no. 253 620

Ring magnet 0D25.4 Part no. 400 533

Material: PA ferrite Weight: Approx. 10 g Surface pressure: Max. 40 N/mm² Operating temperature: -40...+105 °C (-40...+221 °F)

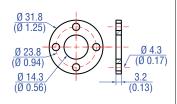
Marked version for sensors with internal linearization: Part no. 253 621

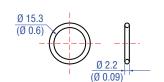
Ring magnet 0D17.4 Part no. 401 032

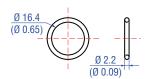
Material: PA neobond Weight: Approx. 5 g Surface pressure: Max. 20 N/mm² Operating temperature: -40...+105 °C (-40...+221 °F)

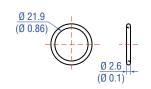
Magnet spacer

0-rings









Magnet spacer Part no. 400 633

Material: Aluminum Weight: Approx. 5 g Surface pressure: Max

Surface pressure: Max. 20 N/mm² Fastening torque for M4 screws: 1 Nm

O-ring for threaded flange M18×1.5-6g

Part no. 401 133

Material: Fluoroelastomer Durometer: 75 ± 5 Shore A Operating temperature: -40...+204 °C (-40...+400 °F)

O-ring for threaded flange 3/4"-16 UNF-3A

Part no. 560 315

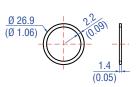
Material: Fluoroelastomer Durometer: 75 ± 5 Shore A Operating temperature: -40...+204 °C (-40...+400 °F)

O-ring for pressure fit flange Ø 26.9 mm Part no. 560 705

Material: Nitrile rubber Operating temperature: -53...+107 °C (-65...+225 °F)

0-rings

Mounting accessories





M18×1.5-6g (0.34)



Back-up ring for pressure fit flange Ø 26.9 mm Part no. 560 629

Material: Polymyte Durometer: 90 Shore A

O-ring for mounting block with bottom entry Part no. 561 435

Material: FKM Durometer: 80± 5 Shore A Operating temperature: -15...+200 °C (5...+392 °F)

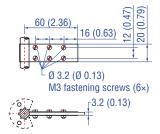
Hex jam nut M18×1.5-6g Part no. 500 018

Material: Steel, zinc plated

Hex jam nut ¾"-16 UNF-3A Part no. 500 015

Material: Steel, zinc plated

Mounting accessory



Fixing clip Part no. 561 481

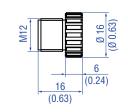
Application: Used to secure sensor rods (Ø 10 mm (Ø 0.39 in.)) when using an U-magnet or block magnet Material: Brass, non-magnetic

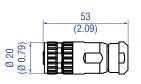
4.14 Frequently ordered accessories for POWERLINK output – Additional options see Accessories Catalog 551444

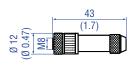
Cable connectors* - Signal

Cable connectors* - Power









M12 D-coded male connector (4 pin), straight Part no. 370 523

Material: Zinc nickel-plated Termination: Insulation-displacement Cable Ø: 5.5...7.2 mm (0.2...0.28 in.) Wire: 24 AWG - 22 AWG Operating temperature: -25...+85 °C (-13...+185 °F) Ingress protection: IP65 / IP67 (correctly fitted) Fastening torque: 0.6 Nm

M12 connector end cap Part no. 370 537

Female connectors M12 should be covered by this protective cap Material: Brass nickel-plated Ingress protection: IP67 (correctly fitted) Fastening torque: 0.39...0.49 Nm

M12 A-coded female connector (4 pin/5 pin), straight Part no. 370 677

Material: GD-Zn. Ni Termination: Screw Contact insert: Cu7n Cable Ø: 4...8 mm (0.16...0.31 in.) Wire: 1.5 mm² Operating temperature: -30...+85 °C (-22...+185 °F) Ingress protection: IP67 (correctly fitted) Fastening torque: 0.6 Nm

M8 female connector (4 pin), straight Part no. 370 504

Material: CuZn nickel plated Termination: Solder Cable Ø: 3.5...5 mm (0.14...0.28 in.) Wire: 0.25 mm² Operating temperature: -40...+85 °C (-40...+185 °F) Ingress protection: IP67 (correctly fitted) Fastening torque: 0.5 Nm

Cables

Cable sets









PUR signal cable Part no. 530 125

Material: PUR jacket; green Features: Cat 5, highly flexible, halogen free, suitable for drag chains, mostly oil & flame resistant Cable Ø: 6.5 mm (0.26 in.) Cross section: 2 x 2 x 0.35 mm²

(22 AWG) Bending radius: 5 × D (fixed installation) Operating temperature: -20...+60 °C (-4...+140 °F)

PVC power cable Part no. 530 108

Material: PVC jacket; gray Features: Shielded, flexible, mostly flame resistant Cable Ø: 4.9 mm (0.19 in.) Cross section: 3 × 0.34 mm² Bending radius: $5 \times D$ (fixed installation) Operating temperature: -30...+80 °C (-22...+176 °F)

Signal cable with M12 D-coded male connector (4 pin), straight - M12 D-coded, male connector (4 pin), straight Part no. 530 064

Material: PUR jacket; green Features: Cat 5e Cable length: 5 m (16.4 ft) Cable Ø: 6.5 mm (0.26 in.) Ingress protection: IP65, IP67, IP68 (correctly fitted) Operating temperature: -30...+70 °C (-22...+158 °F)

Signal cable with M12 D-coded male connector (4 pin), straight - RJ45 male connector, straight Part no. 530 065

Material: PUR jacket; green Features: Cat 5e Cable length: 5 m (16.4 ft) Cable Ø: 6.5 mm (0.26 in.) Ingress protection M12 connector: IP67 (correctly fitted) Ingress protection RJ45 connector: IP20 (correctly fitted) Operating temperature: -30...+70 °C (-22...+158 °F)

^{*/} Follow the manufacturer's mounting instructions

Cable sets **Programming tools**









(4 pin), straight – pigtail Part no. 530 066 (5 m (16.4 ft.)) Part no. 530 096 (10 m (32.8 ft.)) Part no. 530 093 (15 m (49.2 ft.))

Power cable with M8 female connector | Power cable with M12 A-coded female connector (5 pin), straight – pigtail Part no. 370 673

TempoLink® kit for Temposonics® R-Series V Part no. TL-1-0-EM08 (D56) Part no. TL-1-0-EM12 (D58)

TempoGate® smart assistant for Temposonics® R-Series V Part no. TG-C-0-Dxx

(xx indicates the number of R-Serie V sensors that can be connected (even numbers only))

Material: PUR jacket; gray Features: Shielded Cable Ø: 5 mm (0.2 in.) Operating temperature: -40...+90 °C (-40...+194 °F) Material: PUR jacket; black Features: Shielded Cable length: 5 m (16.4 ft) Ingress protection: IP67 (correctly fitted) Operating temperature: -25...+80 °C (-13...+176 °F)

- · Connect wirelessly via Wi-Fi enabled device or via USB with the diagnostic
- Simple connectivity to the sensor via 24 VDC power line (permissible cable length: 30 m)
- User friendly interface for mobile devices and desktop computers
- See data sheet "TempoLink® smart assistant" (document part no.: 552070) for further information
- . OPC UA server for diagnostics of the R-Series V
- · For installation in the control cabinet
- Connection via LAN and Wi-Fi
- See data sheet "TempoGate® smart assistant" document part no.: 552110) for further information

Color of connectors and cable jacket may change. Colors of the cores and technical properties remain unchanged.

Operation Manual

5. Operation

5.1 Initial start-up

The position sensor R-Series V POWERLINK transfers position and velocity values via the POWERLINK output. POWERLINK is an Industrial Ethernet interface and is managed by the Ethernet POWERLINK Standardization Group (EPSG). The sensor and the corresponding XDD file (XML Device Description) are certified by EPSG.

NOTICE

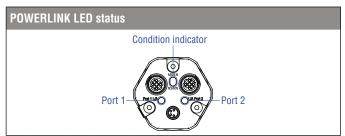
Observe during commissioning

- 1. Before initial switch-on, check carefully if the sensor has been connected correctly.
- 2. Position the magnet in the measuring range of the sensor during first commissioning and after replacement of the magnet.
- 3. Ensure that the sensor control system cannot react in an uncontrolled way when switching on.
- 4. Ensure that the sensor is ready and in operation mode after switching on. The bus status LED is green.
- 5. Check the preset span start and end values of the measuring range (see chapter 4.6) and correct them via the customer's control system, if necessary.

5.2 LED status

A diagnostic display on the lid of the sensor informs about the current status of the sensor. The R-Series V POWERLINK is equipped with three LEDs:

- LED for status indication (condition indicator)
- LED for activity of the Ethernet connection at port 1 (link activity)
- LED for activity of the Ethernet connection at port 2 (link activity)



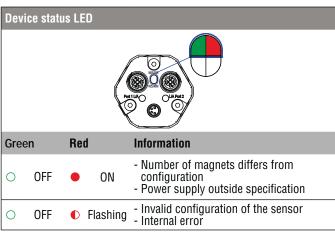
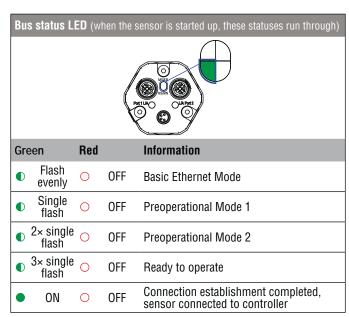
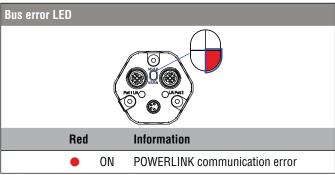
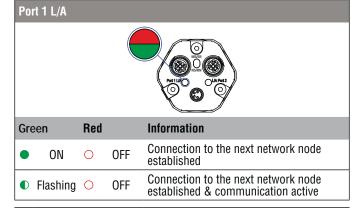
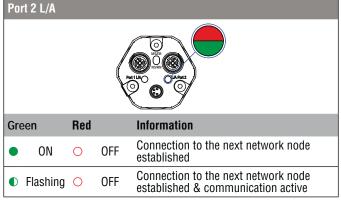


Fig. 51: LED status display, part 1









5.3 Topologies and hubs

POWERLINK supports various topologies when building up a network. Thus, the usage of linear, star, ring and tree topologies are supported. A hub is integrated in devices like the R-Series V POWERLINK sensors. With integrated hubs, a power failure will cause a communication interruption to the subsequent devices. This can be avoided for example by extending a line structure to a ring structure.

6. Node ID configuration of R-Series V POWERLINK

This chapter describes how to adjust the node ID of the R-Series V POWERLINK. The node ID is used to identify a device in a POWERLINK network. Each node ID only exists once in the network. The node ID can have a value between 1 and 240, where 240 is reserved for the Managing Node. The node ID set on the POWERLINK device must match the node ID assigned in the project. There are two ways to set the node ID on the R-Series V POWERLINK.

Section 6.1 describes the setting of the node ID via the TempoLink® smart assistant.

Section 6.2 explains the setting of the node ID via Automation Studio by B&R (Bernecker + Rainer Industrie-Elektronik Ges.m.b.H.).

6.1 Setting the node ID via TempoLink® smart assistant

TempoLink® smart assistant is an accessory of the R-Series ∨ family of sensors. On the R-Series ∨ POWERLINK, it is used to set the node ID and provide additional status information for diagnostics of the sensor.

6.1.1 Connection of TempoLink® smart assistant to sensor and power supply

Before changing the node ID at the sensor and connecting TempoLink® smart assistant to the sensor, disconnect the sensor from the power supply and if the sensor is connected to a control disconnect it, too. Use the adapter cable for connection of the TempoLink® smart assistant to the R-Series V sensor. Connect the barrel connector of the adapter cable to the connection point labeled "OUTPUT SENSOR" on the TempoLink® smart assistant. Next, connect the female connector of the adapter cable to the power supply at the R-Series V POWERLINK sensor.

NOTICE

- When disconnecting the power supply of the sensor possibly error messages occur at the connected controller.
- Do not exceed the maximum cable length between TempoLink® smart assistant and R-Series V sensor of 30 m (98.4 ft.)

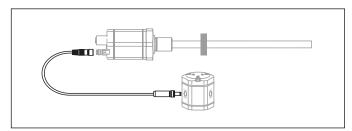


Fig. 53: Connection of TempoLink® smart assistant to R-Series V sensor

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Connect the TempoLink® smart assistant to the power supply using the plug-in power supply with plug adapters. Connect the barrel connector to the "INPUT 24 VDC" port on the TempoLink® smart assistant. Next, insert the plug into the outlet. Additional outlet adapters are supplied to support regional requirements.

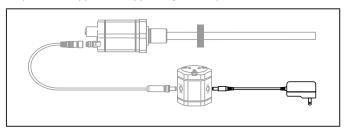


Fig. 54: Connection of TempoLink® smart assistant with the plug-in power supply

6.1.2 Connection of TempoLink® smart assistant to smartphone, tablet or computer

Connect to a smartphone, tablet or computer to display the graphical user interface of the TempoLink® smart assistant.

Connecting a Wi-Fi enabled device to the integrated Wi-Fi access point ³

Activate Wi-Fi on the device and choose the network "TempoLink®_xxxx" (xxxx indicates the last four digits of the serial number). The default password is the serial number printed on the label on the bottom of the TempoLink® smart assistant.



Fig. 55: Choose the network "TempoLink®_xxxxx" in the Wi-Fi settings of the Wi-Fi-enabled device

NOTICE

If you are using a mobile device, ensure cellular data is off. Depending on your operation system, message can appear, that there is no internet access. TempoLink® smart assistant does not need internet access. Connecting to the user interface may take longer if other Wi-Fi and mobile data connections are active within range.

Connecting a computer via USB connection

The TempoLink smart assistant can also be connected via USB. If the computer is Wi-Fi enabled deactivate Wi-Fi on the computer before setting up the USB connection.

Connect the USB cable with the micro USB connector to the port labeled "USB" on the TempoLink® smart assistant. Next, connect the USB type-A connector to a free USB port of the computer. The USB connection simulates a network card. In the folder "network connections" on the computer the connection is shown as "IP-over-USB" or "Remote NDIS".

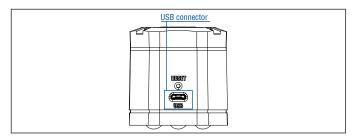


Fig. 56: USB port on the TempoLink® smart assistant

NOTICE

- Only one device can be connected to the TempoLink® smart assistant at a time in order to display the graphical user interface.
- Disable all Wi-Fi and LAN connections before connecting TempoLink® smart assistant via USB. Connecting to the user interface may take longer if Wi-Fi and LAN connections are active.
- It may be useful to press CTRL + F5 to delete cached text and images from prior to launching the http://tempolink.local website.

6.1.3 Establishing a connection via browser

After the connection via Wi-Fi or USB is established, open the browser and go to the website-URL: http://tempolink.local It is recommended to use the browser Mozilla Firefox, Google Chrome, Microsoft Edge or Apple Safari.



Fig. 57: Start page of the graphical user interface

The connection icon in the top right shows the status of the connection between the TempoLink® smart assistant and the sensor.

Co	Connection status						
Gr	een	Information					
•	ON	Connection to sensor is established					
Re	ed	Information					
•	ON	Connection to sensor is not established					
ВІ	ue	Information					
•	ON	Sensor in command mode					

Fig. 58: Connection status

6.1.4 Graphical User Interface (GUI)

Click the menu symbol \equiv in the top left to get to the main menu:



Fig. 59: Main menu of the graphical user interface (GUI)

To change the node ID of the connected sensor, select the menu item Interface (Fig. 59). Interface includes information about the network settings of the sensor. To change the settings you must start the command mode. In the command mode, the sensor does not output a position value. By clicking the ENTER COMMAND MODE button a new menu will open. After reading the information, enter the word COMMAND and confirm by clicking OK (Fig. 60).

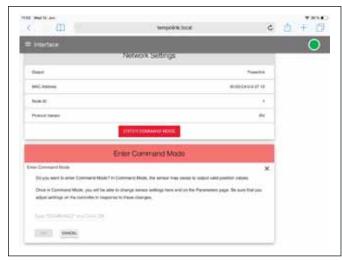


Fig. 60: Starting the command mode to change settings of the connected sensor

After entering the command mode the connection icon on the top right will turn from green to blue. A pencil icon will appear to the right of the node ID. By clicking the pencil icon a new window for configuring the node ID will open. Enter the new node ID of the sensor and confirm the change by clicking the SUBMIT button (Fig. 61). Only values between 1 and 239 are permitted. The value 240 is reserved for the Managing Node.

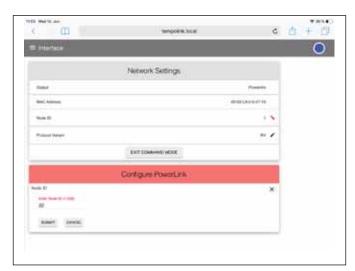


Fig. 61: Changing the node ID of the connected sensor

After the node ID has been configured, click the EXIT COMMAND MODE button. A new window for exiting the command mode will open (Fig. 62). Click the SAVE AND EXIT button to exit the command mode and to transfer the changed node ID to the sensor. The sensor returns to the normal function and outputs the current position value. When you exit the command mode the connection icon changes to green.

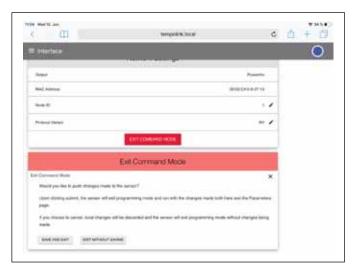


Fig. 62: Exiting the command mode

The other menu items contain the following information:

TempoLink: Includes information about the TempoLink® smart assistant

Status: Includes current information about the sensor status
Sensor Info: Includes information about the connected sensor
Parameters: Includes information about the operational settings
of the connected sensor

NOTICE

- To enable the controller to communicate with the sensor, the node ID set on the sensor must also be set on the controller.
- For detailed information about the TempoLink® smart assistant see its operation manual (document no. 551986).

6.2 Setting the node ID via "Automation Studio"

The following is a description how to set the node ID of the R-Series POWERLINK as well as the R-Series V POWERLINK using "Automation Studio" by B&R (Bernecker + Rainer Industrie-Elektronik Ges.m.b.H.).

6.2.1 Hardware setup

In this example R-Series POWERLINK is used with node ID 32 (default value). It also applies to R-Series V POWERLINK with default node ID 1. In this example the sensor is connected to an interface module X20IF1082-2 which is mounted to a control system X20CP3485-1. The screenshot of the hardware setup in "Automation Studio" is shown in Fig. 63.

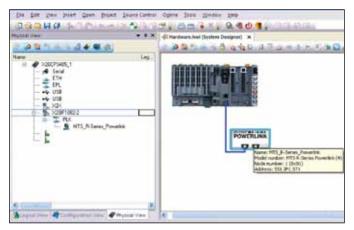


Fig. 63: Hardware setup in "Automation Studio"

6.2.2 Defined data types

To implement a state machine an enumeration type has to be defined that contains all used states (Fig. 64 and Fig. 65).

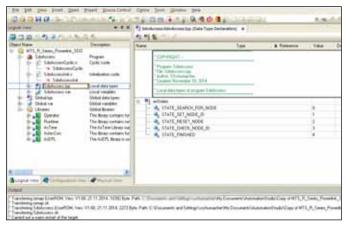


Fig. 64: Defining an enumeration type

Name	Description
STATE_SEARCH_FOR_NODE	This is the initial state in this project. In this state, PLC tries to read the vendor ID of controlled nodes starting from node ID 1 up to node ID 239 (all node IDs which are supposed to be controlled nodes. The node ID 240 is reserved for the managing node) until it detects a controlled node with vendor ID 0x40 (MTS vendor ID).
STATE_SET_NODE_ID	PLC enters into this state when the operations of STATE_SEARCH_FOR_NODE have been finished. In this example the node ID of the first controlled node found with vendor ID 0x40 is set to 1.
STATE_RESET_NODE	PLC enters into this state when the operations of STATE_SET_NODE_ID have been finished. The sensor has to be reset in order to communicate using the new node ID. In this state a reset of the sensor is done.
STATE_CHECK_NODE_ID	PLC enters into this state when the operations of STATE_RESET_NODE have been finished. The node ID of the sensor is read and stored to a local variable.
STATE_FINISHED	PLC enters into this state when the operations of STATE_CHECK_NODE_ID have been finished.

Fig. 65: Defined data types

6.2.3 Used variables

The following local variables are used to change the node ID (Fig. 66).

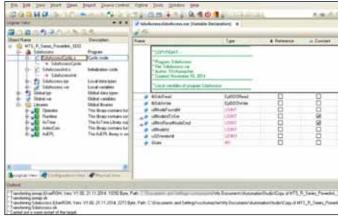


Fig. 66: Screenshot of used variables

Name	Description
fbSdoRead	Predefined function block (AsEPL library) to execute read operations on POWERLINK nodes.
fbSdoWrite	Predefined function block (ASEPL library) to execute write operations on POWERLINK nodes.
u8NodeFoundAt	Unsigned 8 bit integer to store the node ID of the first controlled node with MTS vendor ID which has been found.
u8NodeldToSet	Constant unsigned 8 bit integer which contains the node ID that shall be set.
u8NmtResetNodeCmd	Constant unsigned 8 bit integer for the command which has to be sent to the reset SDO in order to reset the sensor.
u32VendorID	Unsigned 32 bit integer to store the vendor ID of the node which is currently checked in state STATE_SEARCH_FOR_NODE.
iState	Integer variable which represents the current state of the implemented state machine.

Fig. 67: Variables used

6.2.4 Program executed by PLC once after start-up (SdoAccessInit.c)

This program initializes the state of the implemented state machine as well as the node ID variable. It also sets the variable which is used to store the node ID of the first found controlled node with vendor ID from Temposonics to a value which is invalid for a controlled node (source code below).

Source Code "SdoAccessInit.c"

6.2.5 Program executed by PLC cyclically (SdoAccessCyclic.c)

This program implements the state machine and changes the node ID of R-Series POWERLINK as well as R-Series V POWERLINK (source code on page 46).

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Source Code "SdoAccessCyclic.c"

```
/**********************
 * Program: SdoAccess
* File: SdoAccessCyclic.c
* Author: SSchumacher
* Created: November 18, 2014
 * Implementation of program SdoAccess
#include <hur/nlctynes ha
#ifdef _DEFAULT_INCLUDES
             #include <AsDefault.h>
void _CYCLIC SdoAccessCyclic(void)
             if (fbSdoRead.status != ERR_FUB_BUSY && fbSdoWrite.status != ERR_FUB_BUSY)
                           //currently there is no SDO operation in progress
//initiate SDO operation
switch (iState)
                                         case STATE_SEARCH_FOR_NODE:
                                                    if (u32VendorId == 0x40)
                                                                     //go to next step
u8NodeFoundAt = u8NodeId;
                                                                     iState++;
                                                                     break:
                                                    else
                                                                     //search at next ID
                                                                     u8Nodeld++;
(u8Nodeld > 239)
                                                   if
                                                                                      u8\dot{N}odeld = 1;
                                                   fbSdoRead.pDevice
fbSdoRead.node
                                                                                      = "SS1.IF1";
= u8Nodeld;
                                                                                                                                          //interface sensor is connected to //node id of sensor
                                                   fbSdoRead.index
fbSdoRead.subindex
                                                                                                                                           //index of vendor ID
//subindex of vendor ID
                                                                                      = 0x1018;
                                                                                      = 1,
= &u32Vendorld;
= sizeof(u32Vendorld);
                                                   fbSdoRead.pData
fbSdoRead.datalen
                                                                                                                                           //variable to store value to
//size of the variable to store value to
                                                                                                                                          //enable the read operation //disable write operation
                                                    fbSdoRead.enable
                                                    fbSdoWrite.enable
                                                                                      = 0;
                                        break; case STATE_SET_NODE_ID:
                                                   fbSdoWrite.pDevice
fbSdoWrite.node
                                                                                      = "SS1.IF1";
= u8NodeFoundAt;
                                                                                                                                          //interface sensor is connected to //node id of sensor
                                                    fbSdoWrite index
                                                                                      = 0x1f93:
                                                                                                                                           //index of node ID
//subindex of node ID
                                                    fbSdoWrite.subindex
                                                                                      = 3;
                                                   fbSdoWrite.pData
fbSdoWrite.datalen
                                                                                      = &u8NodeldToSet;
= sizeof(u8NodeldToSet);
                                                                                                                                           //variable containing value to set //size of the variable containing value to set
                                                   fbSdoWrite.enable
fbSdoRead.enable
                                                                                      = 1;
= 0;
                                                                                                                                           //enable write operation
//disable read operation
                                                                                                                                           //go to next step
                                                   iState++;
                                        break; case STATE_RESET_NODE:
                                                   fbSdoWrite.pDevice
fbSdoWrite.node
                                                                                      = "SS1.IF1";
= u8NodeFoundAt;
                                                                                                                                          //interface sensor is connected to 
//node id of sensor
                                                                                                                                           //index of nmt reset
//subindex of nmt reset
                                                    fbSdoWrite.index
                                                                                      = 0x1f9e:
                                                    fbSdoWrite.subindex
                                                                                      = 0;
                                                                                      = &u8NmtResetNodeCmd;
= sizeof(u8NmtResetNodeCmd);
                                                                                                                                           //variable containing value to set
//size of the variable containing value to set
                                                    fhSdoWrite nData
                                                    fbSdoWrite.datalen
                                                   fbSdoWrite.enable
fbSdoRead.enable
                                                                                      = 1;
= 0;
                                                                                                                                           //enable write operation //disable read operation
                                                                                                                                           //go to next step
                                                    iState++;
                                        break;
case STATE_CHECK_NODE_ID:
                                                                                      = "SS1.IF1";
= u8NodeIdToSet;
                                                                                                                                          //interface sensor is connected to //node id of sensor
                                                   fbSdoRead.pDevice
fbSdoRead.node
                                                    fhSdoRead index
                                                                                      = 0x1f93:
                                                                                                                                           //index of node ID
//subindex of node ID
                                                    fbSdoRead.subindex
                                                                                      = 3;
                                                                                      = &u8Nodeld:
                                                                                                                                           //variable to store value to //size of the variable to store value to
                                                    fbSdoRead.pData
                                                    fbSdoRead.datalen
                                                                                      = sizeof(u8Nodeld);
                                                   fbSdoRead.enable
                                                                                      = 1:
                                                                                                                                           //enable the read operation
                                                    fbSdoWrite.enable
                                                                                       = 0;
                                                                                                                                           //disable write operation
                                                                                                                                           //go to next step
                                                    iState++;
                                                   break:
                                         default:
                                                    fbSdoRead.enable
                                                                                                                                           //disable read operation
                                                                                       = 0:
                                                    fbSdoWrite.enable
                                                                                                                                           //disable write operation
                                                   break.
                           //execute SDO read if enabled
             EpISDORead(&fbSdoRead);
             //execute SDO write if enable EpISDOWrite(&fbSdoWrite);
```

6.2.6 Variable watch after successful execution of the implemented state machine

As shown in the screenshot of the variable watch, a controlled node with vendor ID from Temposonics has been found at node ID 32. The node ID has been successfully set to 1.

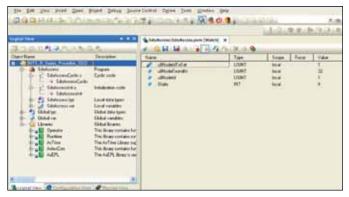


Fig. 68: Variable watch

As shown in the screenshot of the I/O mapping, the sensor is working well using its new node ID.

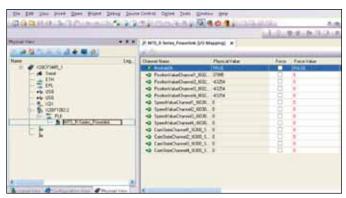


Fig. 69: I/O mapping of sensor with changed node ID

7. Integration of R-Series $\mathbf V$ POWERLINK in the control system

Project integration

The project integration is described using an example with a B&R (Bernecker + Rainer Industrie-Elektronik Ges.m.b.H.) controller and the "Automation Studio" project engineering tool. In principle, you can integrate the device with any project planning tool and any hardware that uses a POWERLINK network.

XDD file

A XDD file (XML Device Description) describes the properties and functions of the device, such as timing and configurable device parameters. The XDD file enables simple and easy integration of a POWERLINK device into a project engineering tool. The XDD file for R-Series V POWERLINK is packed in a zip file which is available for download on our homepage www.temposonics.com.

NOTICE

Follow the information given in the controller operation manual.

7.1 Importing R-Series V POWERLINK sensor into the project tool

In the main menu "Tools", select the entry "Manage 3rd-Party Devices" (Fig. 70).

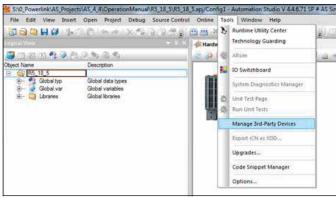


Fig. 70: Starting the 3rd-Party Device Manager

In the opening window the already imported 3rd-Party Devices are displayed. Click the button "Import Fieldbus Device(s)" (Fig. 71).



Fig. 71: Importing Fieldbus Devices with the 3rd-Party Device Manager

Navigate to the location where the XDD file for the R-Series V POWERLINK is stored. Select the XDD file and confirm by clicking the OK button. The import of the file begins (Fig. 72).



Fig. 72: Importing the XDD file for R-Series V POWERLINK

After the successful import, the XDD file can be displayed via the search in the manager (Fig. 73).



Fig. 73: Searching for R-Series V POWERLINK sensor via the 3rd-Party Device Manager

Adding R-Series V POWERLINK to a network

In the right of the main view is the "Toolbox - Hardware Catalog". Choose the R-Series V POWERLINK in the "Toolbox - Hardware Catalog" and move it via drag and drop in the system designer where the sensor should be integrated in the network (Fig. 74).

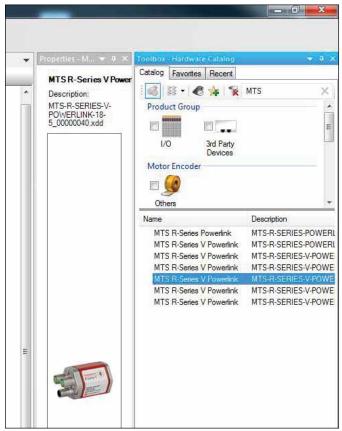


Fig. 74: Selecting R-Series V POWERLINK in the "Toolbox - Hardware Catalog"

Connect the sensor with the control (Fig. 75).

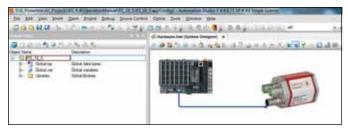


Fig. 75: Connect R-Series V POWERLINK sensor with control

As in the system designer also in the physical view on the left the sensor is connected to the control. To enable the control to communicate with the sensor, the node ID previously set on the sensor must be set on the control. Click on the sensor in the physical view with the right mouse button and select the entry "Node Number → Change Node Number" (Fig. 76). The node number on the control must be identical to the node ID of the device. The default node ID of R-Series ∨ POWERLINK is 1. See the sections 6.1 and 6.2 to change the node ID of R-Series ∨ POWERLINK.

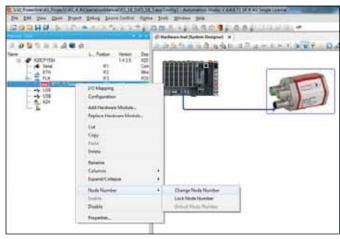


Fig. 76: Setting the node number of the connected device on the control

To configure the sensor, select the R-Series V POWERLINK sensor on the left side (physical view) again. The right mouse button takes you to the menu entry "Configuration" (Fig. 77.) The configuration tab in the main window will open.

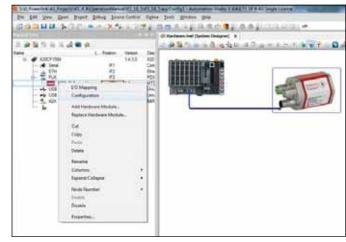


Fig. 77: Setting the node number of the connected device on the controller

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The available configuration data of the sensor is divided into two groups:

- Channels: Measurement data of the sensor, that can be transferred cyclically. To activate cyclic transmission of a specific data item, click on the data item column called "Value" and change the entry from "None" to "Read" (Fig. 78).
- Device specific parameters: Configuration parameters of the sensor, which are transferred in the startup phase.

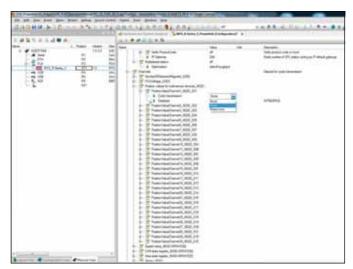


Fig. 78: Activating the mapping of the parameters of the group "Channels"

7.2 Communication segment

The parameters of the group "Channels" (available data items for cyclical transmission):

Index	Subindex	Name	Object type	Attribute	Data type	Description	
2302		Number of detected magnets	Variable	rw	Unsigned8	Current number of magnets detected on the sensor	
2303		PSU voltage	Variable	rw	Unsigned16	Current power supply in mV	
6020	Position values for multi-sensor devices		Array	ay		Current position value of up to 30 magnets	
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	-	
	130	Position value for magnets 130	Variable	ro	Integer32	-	
6030		Speed value	Array			Current velocity value of up to 30 magnets	
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	-	
	130	Speed value for magnets 130	Variable	ro	Integer16		
6300		CAM state register	Array			With the sensor you can configure a CAM switch. For each magnet there is	
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	one CAM channel. Each CAM channel supports up to four CAM positions. The parameter "CAM state register" defines the status bit of the CAM in a	
	130	CAM state register for magnets 130	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	CAM channel for up to 30 magnets • Bit value 0: CAM inactive • Bit value 1: CAM active	
6400		Area state register	Array			This object contains the actual area status of the encoder position for up	
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	 to 30 magnets. If the position is out of range, a bit will be set in the related position line 	
	130	Area state register for magnets 130	Variable	ro	Unsigned8		
6503		Alarms	Variable	rw	Unsigned16	This parameter includes different alarms: • Bit 0: The number of magnets detected on the sensor differs from the number of magnets configured in the engineering tool (index 2201 subindex 0) • Bit 12: Power supply out of range • Bit 13: Device error Note: To output alarms the operating parameter "commissioning diagnostic control" (object 6000) must be activated.	
6505		Warnings	Variable	rw	Unsigned16	Bit 12: Synchronization error: Sensor is not synchronized to the clock of the control Note: To output warnings the parameter "commisioning diagnostic control" (object 6000) must be activated.	

Table 1: Index 2302, 2303, 6020, 6030, 6300, 6400, 6503, 6505

$\textbf{Temposonics}^{\texttt{@}}\,\textbf{R-Series}\,\,\mathbf{V}\,\,\textbf{POWERLINK}$

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The parameters of the group "Device Specific Parameters":

Index	Subindex	Name	Object type	Attribute	Data type	Description
2201		Number of magnets	Variable	rw	Unsigned8	Setting the number of position magnets that are used simultaneously on the measuring rod/profile Note: If the number is greater than in the order code, an alarm is issued.
2202		Filter settings	Array			Setting the filter for the output value
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	-
	1	Filter type	Variable	rw	Unsigned8	Setting the filter for the output value Bit value 0: No filter Bit value 1: FIR (finite impulse response filter) Bit value 2: IIR (infinite impulse response filter)
	2	Filter window size	Variable	rw	Unsigned8	Setting the number of position values for calculating the filter of the output value Possible values: 216
	3	Velocity window size	Variable	rw	Unsigned8	Setting the number of position values for determining the velocity of the position magnet Possible values: 216
2203		Position offsets	Array			Position offset for up to 30 magnets
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	_
	130	Position offset for magnets 130	Variable	rw	Integer32	
2204		Lower limit for measurement cycle time	Variable	rw	Unsigned32	Setting the lower limit for the cycle time. If no short cycle time is required, reflections can be excluded with this parameter $$
2305		Sensor status				
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	
	1	Time since last update	Variable	ro	Integer32	Age of the status data in ms
	2	Status data version	Variable	ro	Integer32	Version number
	3	Operational time	Variable	ro	Integer32	Total operational time of the sensor
	4	Odometer	Variable	ro	Integer32	Total distance travelled by the position magnet
	5	Magnet cycles	Variable	ro	Integer32	Total number of directional changes of the magnet
	6	Minimum input voltage	Variable	ro	Integer32	Minimum input voltage so far
	7	Maximum input voltage	Variable	ro	Integer32	Maximum input voltage so far
	8	Minimum temperature	Variable	ro	Integer32	Minimum temperature inside sensor electronics housing so far
	9	Maximum temperature	Variable	ro	Integer32	Maximum temperature inside sensor electronics housing so far
	10	Current temperature	Variable	ro	Integer32	Current temperature inside sensor electronics housing
	11	Input voltage out of range	Variable	ro	Integer32	Duration of exceeding or falling below the permissible power supply range
	12	Temperature out of range	Variable	ro	Integer32	Duration of exceeding or falling below the permissible operating temperature range
6000		Operating parameters		rw	Unsigned16	See table 5, page 54
6002		Total measuring range in measuring units	Variable	rw	Unsigned32	If the scaling function is activated (see object 6000: Operating parameters), this parameter includes the maximum value
6005		Linear encoder measuring step settings	Array			
	1	Position step setting	Variable	rw	Unsigned32	Resolution of the position output in nm
	2	Speed step setting	Variable	rw	Unsigned32	Resolution of the velocity output in 0.01 mm/s

Table 2: Index 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2305, 6000, 6002, 6005

Index	Subindex	Name	Object type	Attribute	Data type	type Description		
6010		Preset values for multi-sensor devices	Array			The preset can be set for up to 30 magnets.		
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	-		
	130	Preset for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Integer32	-		
6301		CAM enable register	Array			Via the "CAM enable register" the CAM channels can be enabled:		
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	Bit value 0: CAM inactive Bit value 1: CAM active		
	130	CAM enable register for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Unsigned8	It can be set for up to 30 magnets.		
6302		CAM enable polarity	Array			With "CAM enable polarity", the polarity of each CAM can be definated.		
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	 If the polarity bit of a CAM is set, the current CAM state will be inverted. It can be set for up to 30 magnets. 		
	130	CAM enable polarity for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Unsigned8	It can be set for up to 30 magnets.		
6310		CAM 1 low limit	Array			This object determines the lower limit of position for CAM 1.		
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	t can be set for up to 30 magnets.		
	130	CAM 1 low limit for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Integer32	-		
6311		CAM 2 low limit	Array			This object determines the lower limit of position for CAM 2.		
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	t can be set for up to 30 magnets.		
	130	CAM 2 low limit for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Integer32	-		
6312		CAM 3 low limit	Array			This object determines the lower limit of position for CAM 3.		
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	It can be set for up to 30 magnets.		
	130	CAM 3 low limit for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Integer32			
6313		CAM 4 low limit	Array			This object determines the lower limit of position for CAM 4.		
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	It can be set for up to 30 magnets.		
	130	CAM 4 low limit for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Integer32			
6320		CAM 1 high limit	Array			This object determines the upper limit of position for CAM 1. It can be set for up to 30 magnets.		
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	- Lean be set for up to so magnets.		
	130	CAM 1 high limit for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Integer32			
6321		CAM 2 high limit	Array			This object determines the upper limit of position for CAM 2. It can be set for up to 30 magnets.		
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	-		
	130	CAM 2 high limit for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Integer32			
6322		CAM 3 high limit	Array			This object determines the upper limit of position for CAM 3. It can be set for up to 30 magnets.		
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	it can be set for up to so magnets.		
	130	CAM 3 high limit for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Integer32			
6323		CAM 4 high limit	Array			This object determines the upper limit of position for CAM 4. It can be set for up to 30 magnets.		
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	-		
	130	CAM 4 high limit for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Integer32			
6330		CAM 1 hysteresis	Array			Via this parameter the delay setting of the switch points for CAM 1 can be set. It can be set for up to 30 magnets.		
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	-		
	130	CAM 1 hysteresis for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Integer32			
6331		CAM 2 hysteresis	Array			Via this parameter the delay setting of the switch points for CAM 2 can be set. It can be set for up to 30 magnets.		
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	-		
	130	CAM 2 hysteresis for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Integer32			
6332		CAM 3 hysteresis	Array			Via this parameter the delay setting of the switch points for CAM 3 can be set. It can be set for up to 30 magnets.		
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	-		
	130	CAM 3 hysteresis for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Integer32			
6333		CAM 4 hysteresis	Array			Via this parameter the delay setting of the switch points for CAM 4 can be = set. It can be set for up to 30 magnets.		
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	-		
	130	CAM 4 hysteresis for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Integer32			

Table 3: Index 6010, 6301, 6302, 6310, 6311, 6312, 6313, 6320, 6321, 6322, 6323, 6330, 6331, 6332, 6333

Temposonics® R-Series V POWERLINK

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Index	Subindex	Name	Object type	Attribute	Data type	Description
6401		Work area low limit	Array			This object contains the position value, at which bit 2 of the according
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	p406_work_area_state_channel in object 6400h (Working Area State Register) flags the underflow of the related work area
	130	Work area low limit for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Integer32	
6402		Work area high limit	Array			This object contains the position value, at which bit 1 of the according
	0	Number of entries	Variable	ro	Unsigned8	p406_work_area_state_channel in object 6400h (Working Area State Register) flags the overflow of the related work area
	130	Work area high limit for 130 magnets	Variable	rw	Integer32	

Table 4: Index 6401, 6402

Operating parameters

Index	Subindex	Bit	Name	Attribute	Description
6000	0	1	Comissioning diagnostic control	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	This parameter must be enabled to send out alarms (object 6503)
		2	Scaling function	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	This parameter is used to change the position resolution of the encoder
	_	3	Measuring direction	0: Forward 1: Reverse	Setting the measuring direction
		12	Synchronization mode	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	Setting the synchronization of the sensor to the clock of the controller
	_	13	Extrapolation	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	Setting the sensor behavior in case of oversampling
	_	14	Internal linearization	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	Setup of the internal linearization

Table 5: Explanation of the operating parameters

NOTICE

In order to operate the sensor in synchronous mode, the controller must be set so that the tasks are executed synchronously in the POWERLINK cycle. In synchronous mode, the sensor supports a bus cycle time of 200 μ s. If the extrapolation is disabled, identical values can be output repeatedly. For a multi-position measurement (number of magnets \geq 2) in synchronous mode, the minimum bus cycle time of the sensor is 400 μ s.

8. Maintenance and troubleshooting

8.1 Error conditions, troubleshooting

See chapter "5. Operation" on page 40.

8.2 Maintenance

The sensor is maintenance-free.

8.3 Repair

Repairs of the sensor may be performed only by Temposonics or a repair facility explicitly authorized by Temposonics. For return see section "2.6 Return" on page 4.

8.4 List of spare parts

No spare parts are available for this sensor.

8.5 Transport and storage

The conditions of transport and storage of the sensor match the operating conditions mentioned in this document.

9. Removal from service/dismantling

The product contains electronic components and must be disposed of in accordance with the local regulations.

10. Technical data

10.1 Technical data Temposonics® RP5

Output								
Interface	Ethernet POWERLINK							
Data protocol	POWERLINK V2							
Measured value	Position, velocity/option: Simultaneous multi-position and multi-velocity measurements up to 30 magnets							
Measurement parameters	, , , , ,			,				
Resolution: Position	0.5100 μm (selectable	e)						
Cycle time	Stroke length	≤ 50 mm	≤ 715 mm	≤ 2000 mm	≤ 4675 mm	≤ 6350 mm		
	Cycle time	250 μs ⁴	500 μs	1000 μs	2000 µs	2800 μs		
Linearity deviation ⁵	Stroke length Linearity deviation	≤ 500 mm ≤ ±50 μm	> 500 mm < 0.01 % F.S.					
	Optional internal linearit	y: Linearity tolera	ance (applies for	the first magne	et for multi-positi	on measurement)		
						5000 mm 50006350 mm		
	typical $\pm 15 \mu m$ maximum $\pm 25 \mu m$	± 20 μm ± 30 μm	± 25 μm ± 50 μm	± 45 μm ± 90 μm	± 85 μm ± 150 μr			
Danastahility	maximum $ \pm 25 \mu m $ < ± 0.001 % F.S. (minimum			± 90 μm	± 150 μι	11 ± 190 μ111		
Repeatability Hysteresis	< 4 μm typical	um ±2.5 μm) typ	icai					
Temperature coefficient	< 15 ppm/K typical							
Operating conditions	< 15 ppin/k typicai	_	_	_	_	_		
Operating temperature	-40+85 °C (-40+18	25 °E\	_		_			
Humidity	90 % relative humidity,	•						
Ingress protection	IP67 (connectors correct							
Shock test	150 g/11 ms, IEC standa	,						
Vibration test	30 g/102000 Hz, IEC		2-6 (avaluding re	eonant frequer	nciae)			
EMC test	Electromagnetic emission		, ,	Sonani nequei	icies)			
LIWO tost	Electromagnetic immun							
	The RP5 sensors fulfill t	•		ctives				
	2014/30/EU, UKSI 2016							
Magnet movement velocity	Magnet slider: Max. 10	m/s; U-magnet: A	Any; block magne	et: Any				
Design/Material								
Sensor electronics housing	**	c die cast						
Sensor profile	Aluminum							
RoHS compliance	The used materials are of EU regulation 2015/863		•	of EU directive 2	2011/65/EU and			
Stroke length	256350 mm (1250	in.)						
Mechanical mounting								
Mounting position	Any							
Mounting instruction	Please consult the techn	ical drawing on_	<u>page 11</u>					
Electrical connection								
Connection type	2 × M12 female connect 2 × M12 female connect	` ' '			ed)			
Operating voltage	+1230 VDC ±20 % (9.636 VDC)							
Power consumption	•							
Dielectric strength	500 VDC (DC ground to	machine ground)					
Polarity protection	Up to -36 VDC							
Overvoltage protection	Up to 36 VDC							

^{4/} Minimum cycle time for multi-position measurements (number of magnets \ge 2): 400 μs 5/ With position magnet # 252 182

10.2 Technical data Temposonics® RH5

Output										
Interface	Ethernet POWERLINK									
Data protocol	POWERLINK V2									
Measured value	Position, velocity/option: Simultaneous multi-position and multi-velocity measurements up to 30 magnets									
Measurement parameters										
Resolution: Position	0.5100 μm (selectable)									
Cycle time	Stroke length $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$ $\leq 715 \text{ mm}$ $\leq 2000 \text{ mm}$ $\leq 4675 \text{ mm}$ $\leq 7620 \text{ mm}$									
	Cycle time	Cycle time 250 μs 500 μs 1000 μs 2000 μs 3200 μs								
Linearity deviation 7 Stroke length $\leq 500 \text{ mm}$ > 500 mm Linearity deviation $\leq \pm 50 \mu m$ $< 0.01 \% \text{ F.S.}$										
	Optional internal linearit Stroke length 25300				t for multi-positio	on measurement)				
	typical ± 15 μm maximum ± 25 μm	± 20 µm	± 25 μm ± 50 μm							
Repeatability	< ±0.001 % F.S. (minim	um ±2.5 µm) typ	pical							
Hysteresis	< 4 µm typical	. ,								
Temperature coefficient	< 15 ppm/K typical									
Operating conditions										
Operating temperature	-40+85 °C (-40+1	85 °F)								
Humidity	90 % relative humidity,	no condensation								
Ingress protection	IP67 (connectors correct	ctly fitted)								
Shock test	150 g/11 ms, IEC stand	ard 60068-2-27								
Vibration test	30 g/102000 Hz, IEC RH5-J: 15 g/102000									
EMC test	Electromagnetic emissic Electromagnetic immun The RH5 sensors fulfill 2014/30/EU, UKSI 2016	ity according to l the requirements	EN 61000-6-2 of the EMC direc	ctives						
Operating pressure	350 bar (5076 psi)/700	bar (10,153 psi)	peak (at 10 × 1 r	min) for sensor	rod/RH5-J: 800 b	par (11,603 psi)				
Magnet movement velocity	Any									
Design/Material										
Sensor electronics housing	Aluminum (painted), zir	ic die cast								
Sensor flange	Stainless steel 1.4305 (AISI 303)								
Sensor rod	Stainless steel 1.4306 (AISI 304L)/RH5-	J: Stainless steel	1.4301 (AISI 3	04)					
RoHS compliance	The used materials are EU regulation 2015/863	•	•	of EU directive 2	2011/65/EU and					
Stroke length	257620 mm (1300	in.)/RH5-J: 25	.5900 mm (12	232 in.)						
Mechanical mounting										
Mounting position	Any									
Mounting instruction	Please consult the techn	nical drawings or	n <u>page 12</u> and on	<u>page 13</u>						
Electrical connection										
Connection type	2 v M12 female connectors 1 v M8 male connector									
Operating voltage	+1230 VDC ±20 % (9.636 VDC)									
Power consumption	Less than 4 W typical									
Dielectric strength	500 VDC (DC ground to machine ground)									
Polarity protection Up to -36 VDC										
Overvoltage protection	Up to 36 VDC									

^{6/} Minimum cycle time for multi-position measurements (number of magnets \ge 2): 400 μs 7/ With position magnet # 251 416-2

10.3 Technical data Temposonics® RFV

Output										
Interface	Ethernet POWERLINK	Ethernet POWERLINK								
Data protocol	POWERLINK V2									
Measured value	red value Position, velocity/option: Simultaneous multi-position and multi-velocity measurements up to 30 magnets									
Measurement parameters										
Resolution: Position	0.5100 µm (selectable	0.5100 μm (selectable)								
Cycle time	Stroke length $\leq 715 \text{ mm}$ $\leq 2000 \text{ mm}$ $\leq 4675 \text{ mm}$ $\leq 10,000 \text{ mm}$ $\leq 20,000 \text{ mm}$									
	Cycle time	500 μs ⁸	1000 µs	2000 µs	4000 μs	8000 µs				
Linearity deviation 9	Stroke length	≤ 500 mm	> 500 mm	_						
Departability	Linearity deviation	≤ ±50 μm	< 0.01 % F.S.							
Repeatability	< ±0.001 % F.S. (minim	um ±2.5 μm) typ	IGai							
Hysteresis Temperature coefficient	< 4 µm typical									
Temperature coefficient Operating conditions	< 15 ppm/K typical	_	_	_	_					
Operating temperature	-40+85 °C (-40+18	05 °E\	_	_						
Humidity	90 % relative humidity,	,								
Ingress protection	IP30 (IP65 rating only fo			ing IDSS & if mat	ing connectors as	ra correctly fitted)				
Shock test	100 g/6 ms, IEC standar	•	iounieu guiue pi	ipe iros & ii iliai	ing connectors at	e correctly filled)				
Vibration test	5 g/102000 Hz, IEC st		6 (avaluding ra	conant fraguanci	inc)					
	Electromagnetic emission			Sonani nequenci	(48)					
EMC test	Electromagnetic immun	ity according to I	EN 61000-6-2	ativas 0014/00/F	III III/OI 0040 Na	1001 and TD CH				
	The RFV sensors fulfill t 020/2011 under the con	•			:U, UKSI 2016 NO	. 1091 and 1K CO				
Magnet movement velocity	Any									
Design/Material										
Sensor electronics housing	. ,									
Sensor flange	Stainless steel 1.4305 (A	AISI 303)								
Sensor rod	Stainless steel conduct	with PTFE coatin	g							
RoHS compliance	The used materials are of EU regulation 2015/863	•	•	of EU directive 2	011/65/EU and					
Stroke length	15020,000 mm (67	'87 in.)								
Mechanical mounting										
Mounting position	Any									
Mounting instruction	Please consult the techn	ical drawings or	page 15							
Electrical connection										
Connection type	2 × M12 female connectors (D-coded), 1 × M8 male connector or 2 × M12 female connectors (D-coded), 1 × M12 male connector (A-coded)									
Operating voltage	+1230 VDC ±20 % (9.636 VDC)									
Power consumption	Less than 4 W typical									
Dielectric strength	500 VDC (DC ground to machine ground)									
Polarity protection	Up to -36 VDC									
Overvoltage protection	Up to 36 VDC									

^{8/} Minimum cycle time for multi-position measurements (number of magnets \geq 2): 400 μs 9/ With position magnet # 251 416-2 10/The flexible sensor element must be mounted in an appropriately shielded environment.

Output								
Interface	Ethernet POW							
Data protocol		POWERLINK V2						
Measured value	Position, velocity/option: Simultaneous multi-position and multi-velocity measurements up to 30 magnets							
Measurement parameters								
Resolution: Position	0.5100 μm (selectable)							
Cycle time	Stroke length Cycle time		≤ 50 mm 250 µs ¹¹	≤ 715 mm 500 μs	≤ 2000 mm 1000 μs	≤ 4675 mm 2000 μs	5080 mm 3200 μs	
Linearity deviation ^{12, 13}	Stroke length Linearity deviation		≤ 500 mm ≤ ± 50 µm	> 500 mm < 0.01 % F.S.				
	Optional internal linearization: Linearity tolerance (applies for the first magnet for multi-position measurement) Stroke length 25300 mm 300600 mm 6001200 mm typical $\pm 15 \mu\text{m}$ $\pm 20 \mu\text{m}$ $\pm 25 \mu\text{m}$ $\pm 30 \mu\text{m}$ $\pm 50 \mu\text{m}$							
Repeatability	< ±0.001 % F.S. (minimum ±2.5 μm) typical							
Hysteresis	< 4 µm typical							
Temperature coefficient	< 15 ppm/K typical							
Operating conditions	. 10 kkmm. Nkmm.							
Operating temperature	-40+85 °C (-40+185 °F)							
Humidity	90 % relative humidity, no condensation							
Ingress protection	Sensor electronics IP67 (with professional mounted housing and connectors) Measuring rod with connecting cable for side cable entry IP65 Measuring rod with single wires and flat connector with bottom cable entry IP30							
Shock test	100 g/11 ms, IEC standard 60068-2-27							
Vibration test	10 g/102000 Hz, IEC standard 60068-2-6 (excluding resonant frequencies)							
EMC test	Electromagnetic emission according to EN 61000-6-3 Electromagnetic immunity according to EN 61000-6-2 The RDV sensors fulfill the requirements of the EMC directives 2014/30/EU, UKSI 2016 No. 1091 and TR CU 020/2011 under the condition of an EMC-compliant installation. ¹⁴							
Operating pressure	350 bar (5076 psi)/700 bar (10,153 psi) peak (at 10 × 1 min) for sensor rod							
Magnet movement velocity								
Design/Material	7 kily							
	Aluminum (na	inted) zin	r die rast					
	Aluminum (painted), zinc die cast Stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI 304)							
RoHS compliance	The used materials are compliant with the requirements of EU directive 2011/65/EU and EU regulation 2015/863 as well as UKSI 2022 No. 622							
Stroke length	252540 mm (1100 in.) for pressure-fit flange »S« 255080 mm (1200 in.) for all threaded flanges							
Mechanical mounting								
Mounting position	Any							
Mounting instruction	Please consult the technical drawings on page 18 and on page 19							
Electrical connection								
Connection type	2 × M12 female connectors (5 pin), 1 × M8 male connector (4 pin) 2 × M12 female connectors (5 pin), 1 × M12 male connector (4 pin)							
Operating voltage	+1230 VDC ±20 % (9.636 VDC)							
Power consumption	Less than 4 W typical							
Dielectric strength	500 VDC (DC ground to machine ground)							
Polarity protection	Up to -36 VDC							
Overvoltage protection	Up to 36 VDC							
		. , .						

^{11/}Minimum cycle time for multi-position measurements (number of magnets ≥ 2): 400 µs
12/With position magnet # 251 416-2
13/For rod style »S« the linearity deviation can be higher in the first 30 mm (1.2 in.) of stroke length
14/The cable between the sensor element and the electronic housing must be mounted in an appropriately shielded environment.



11. Appendix I

Safety declaration

Dear Customer,

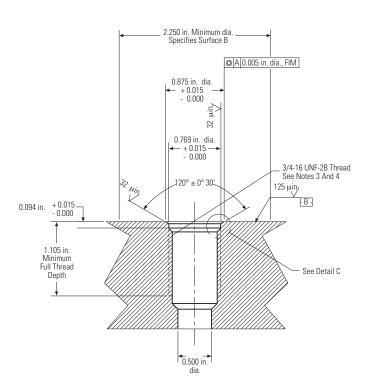
If you return one or several sensors for checking or repair, we need you to sign a safety declaration. The purpose of this declaration is to ensure that the returned items do not contain residues of harmful substances and/or that people handling these items will not be in danger.

Temposonics order number: Serial number(s):		Sensor type(s):				
The sensor has been in contact with the f	ollowing materials:					
Do not specify chemical formulas. Please include safety data sheets of the su	bstances, if applicable.	In the event of suspected penetration of substances into the sensor, consult Temposonics to determine measures to be taken before shipment.				
Short description of malfunction:						
Corporate information		Contact partner				
Company:		Phone:				
Address:		Fax:				
		Email:				
We hereby certify that the measuring equip Equipment handling is safe. Personnel exp						
Stamp	 Signature					

12. Appendix II

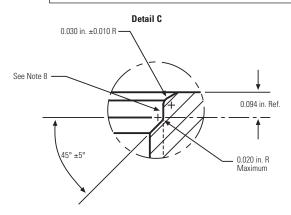
CYLINDER PORT DETAILS

PORT DETAIL (PD) FOR RH5-S:

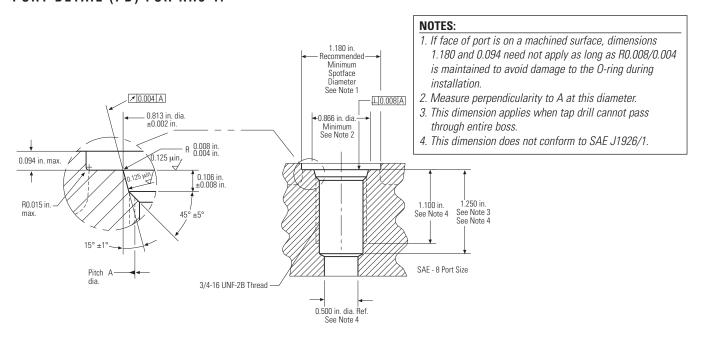


NOTES:

- 1. Dimensions and tolerances based on ANSI Y14.5-1982.
- 2. Temposonics has extracted all pertinent information from MS33649 to generate this document.
- 3. PD must be square with surface B within 0.005 FIM across 2.250 dia minimum.
- 4. PD must be concentric with 2.250 dia within 0.030 FIM and with 0.769 dia within 0.005 FIM.
- 5. Surface texture ANSI B46.1-1978
- 6. Use 0-ring part number 560315 for correct sealing.
- 7. The thread design shall have sufficient threads to meet strength requirements of material used.
- 8. Finish counter-bore shall be free from longitudinal and spiral tool marks. Annular tool marks up to 32 microinches maximum will be permissible.



PORT DETAIL (PD) FOR RH5-T:



Operation Manual

13. Glossary

C

CAM

Cam position of a CAM channel in a cam gear. Each CAM position can be configured separately. With R-Series V POWERLINK, for each position magnet there is one CAM channel. Each CAM channel supports up to four CAM positions.

Controlled Node (CN)

All devices in the network, except the Managing Node, are Controlled Nodes (CN). The Controlled Nodes may send their data only after being requested by the Managing Node. The R-Series ∨ POWERLINK can only be used as a Controlled Node. (→ Managing Node)

Ε

Extrapolation

The native measurement cycle time of a sensor increases with the stroke length. With extrapolation, the sensor is able to report data faster than the native cycle time, independent of the stroke length of the sensor. Without extrapolation, if data is requested faster than the native cycle time, the last measured value is repeated.

F

FIR Filter

The FIR filter (Finite Impulse Response) is used to smooth the measured position value before output. To determine the output value, only input values corresponding to the window (filter window size) are used for filter calculation. The output value is calculated from these input values in form of a moving average value. (→ IIR Filter)

....

I/O Mapping

I/O mapping is used to configure the cyclical data that is transferred between sensor and controller. The assignment of the inputs (IN) and outputs (OUT) is done from the perspective of the controller. Cyclical data from the sensor to the controller are, for example, the position and the velocity.

IIR Filter

The IIR filter (Infinite Impulse **R**esponse) is used to smooth the measured position value before output. To determine the outputvalue, the input values corresponding to the filter grade (filter window size) are used for the filter calculation. The previous values are also taken into account when calculating the output value. (\rightarrow FIR Filter)

Internal Linearization

The internal linearization offers an improved linearity for an overall higher accuracy of the position measurement. The internal linearization is set for the sensor during production.

М

Managing Node (MN)

The Managing Node (MN), usually an industrial PC or a PLC, controls the communication in the network as master and sets the clock for the synchronization of all devices. In a network there is only one Managing Node. All other devices of the POWERLINK network are Controlled Nodes. (→ Controlled Node)

Measuring direction

When moving the position magnet, the position and velocity values increase in the measuring direction.

- Forward: Values increasing from sensor electronics housing to rod end/profile end
- Reverse: Values decreasing from sensor electronics housing to rod end/profile end

Multi-position measurement

During the measurement cycle, the positions of every magnet on the sensor are simultaneously reported. The velocity is continuously calculated based on these changing position values as the magnets are moved.

Ν

Node ID

The addressing of the devices in a POWERLINK network is done via the node ID. Each node ID only exists once in a network. It can have a value between 1 and 240 (while 240 is reserved for the Managing Node). Meaning that a POWERLINK network can comprise up to 240 devices. With the R-Series V POWERLINK, the node ID (delivered with node ID 1) can be set via the TempoLink® smart assistant, for example.

0

Offset

A value which will be added or deducted to the actual position value. This leads to a shift of the measurement range start. (\rightarrow Preset)

Р

POWERLINK

POWERLINK is an Industrial Ethernet interface and is managed by the Ethernet POWERLINK Standardization Group (EPSG).

The R-Series V POWERLINK and its corresponding XDD file are certitified by the EPSG.

PLC

A PLC (Programmable Logic Controller) is a device for controlling or regulating machines and systems.

Preset

With the preset, a value is entered for the current position which is to be output at this position in the future. The difference between the entered value and the currently measured position is calculated as an offset. $(\rightarrow \text{Offset})$

R

R0

RO (\mathbf{R} ead Only) means that the value of the variable can only be read but is not modifiable.

RW

RW (**R**ead/**W**rite) means that the value of the variable can be read and written. The value of the variable is modifiable.

S

Synchronization mode

R-Series V POWERLINK supports synchronization mode. The synchronization mode enables clock-synchronous data exchange between sensor and control. The synchronous measurement is an essential requirement for motion-controlled applications

V

Vendor ID

A unique **id**entification number (ID) assigned to each piece of computer hardware.

X

XDD file

The properties and functions of a POWERLINK device are described in a XDD file (XML Device Description). The XML-based XDD file contains all relevant data that are important for the implementation of the device in the controller as well as for data exchange during operation. The XDD file of the R-Series V POWERLINK is available on the homepage www.temposonics.com.



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